

**MATH 6 [2026 JAN 25]**  
**HANDOUT 14: GEOMETRY, RULER AND COMPASS CONSTRUCTIONS (2)**

In the homework, the words “construct” or “find” mean “construct using ruler and compass.”

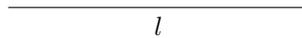
HOMEWORK

At home, please finish the problems that we did not do in class.

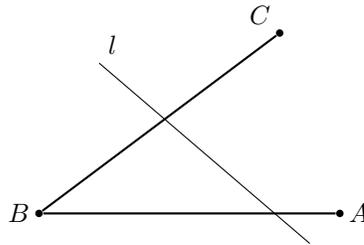
1. Construct a rectangle with one side  $a$  and diagonal  $d$ .
2. Construct a rhombus with one side  $a$  and diagonal  $d$ .
3. Construct a regular 12-gon.
4. How can you find the point on the railroad (line  $l$  in the figure below) which would be at equal distance from two villages (points  $A, B$  in the figure below)? [Hint: if this point is at equal distance from  $A, B$ , then one can draw a circle with center at this point which would go through  $A, B$ . . .]

$A \bullet$

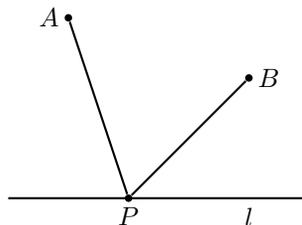
$\bullet B$



5. Given an angle  $\angle ABC$  and a line  $l$  intersecting both sides of this angle, find a point  $P$  on  $l$  which would be at equal distance from the two sides of the angle (i.e., the two perpendiculars dropped from  $P$  to the sides of the angle would have the same length).



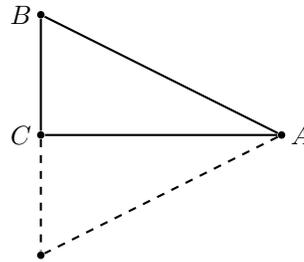
6. Given a triangle  $\triangle ABC$ , construct inside it a point which would be at equal distance from all three vertices of the triangle.
7. The figure below shows two villages  $A$  and  $B$ . A horseman starts at village  $A$ , goes to the river (line  $l$  in the figure) to let the horse drink, then goes to village  $B$ . How should he choose the point  $P$  on the river to make his trip as short as possible?



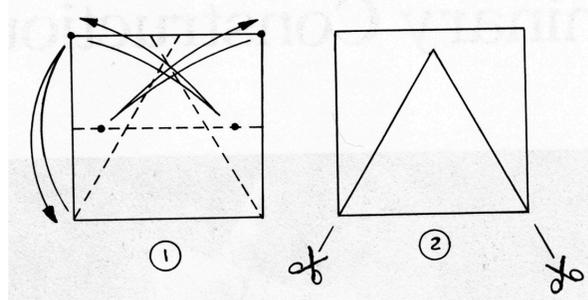
*Paper folding (origami) is quite a different approach to geometric constructions: Instead of using ruler and compass, one would be folding pieces of paper. Attached pictures show how one can construct various figures such as equilateral triangles.*

8. Given a square sheet of paper, find its center by folding.

9. Given a paper triangle, find the center of inscribed circle by folding.
10. (a) Let  $ABC$  be a right triangle in which one of the legs is exactly  $1/2$  of the hypotenuse:  $BC = \frac{1}{2}AB$ . What are the angles of such a triangle? (*Hint*: if you put two such triangles together, as indicated by the dotted line, what triangle do we get?)

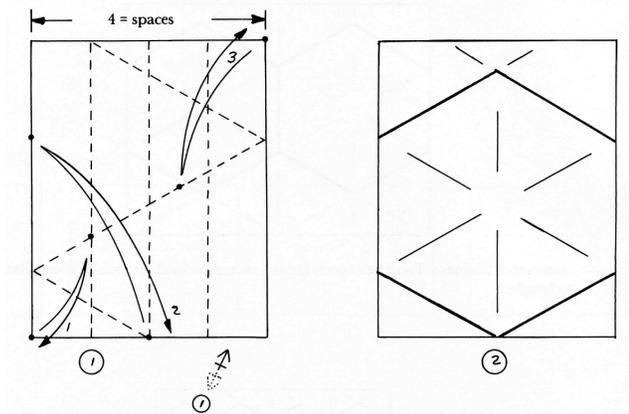


- (b) The attached figure shows how you can construct an equilateral triangle from a square by folding. Can you explain why it does indeed give an equilateral triangle? Construct one and check.



\*(c) How you can construct an equilateral triangle from a rectangle (by folding)?

11. The attached figure shows how one can make a regular hexagon from a rectangular piece of paper. Can you explain why this does give a regular hexagon? Make one and check that it is indeed regular.



(funny double arrow below the first figure means “turn over and repeat step 1”).

12. The figure below shows a rectangle divided into several pieces. Which of the two rectangles, A or B, has larger area?

