

## Math 5e, Fall 2024 Homework 18

due February 12

**Instructions:** Some of the problems we solved in class, and some are new. Please try to solve all problems, do your best, and show your work. **Write on separate sheets of paper, not between the lines of this handout!**

### Solving rational equations

We reviewed solving equations and solving rational equations by multiplying both sides of the equation with the denominator, for example.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{(x+1)}{3} &= 7 \\ \frac{(x+1)}{3} \times 3 &= 7 \times 3 \\ (x+1) &= 21 \\ x &= 20\end{aligned}$$

### Formulas for fast multiplication

We also revised the *identities*:

$$\begin{aligned}(a+b)^2 &= a^2 + 2ab + b^2 \\ (a-b)^2 &= a^2 - 2ab + b^2 \\ (a+b)(a-b) &= a^2 - b^2\end{aligned}$$

And *factorizing*:

$$a(b+c) = ab + ac$$

... and used them to solve equations.

### Equations with exponents:

We solve equations where the unknown was the exponent in the power  $a^x = a^c$  and found out that if we have equal bases, we need only compare the exponents (powers) to find the unknown:  $x = c$ .

So, we need to find a way to rewrite the equations where both sides have the same base.

## *Homework problems*

1. Solve the following equations for  $x$ :

a)  $\frac{5y-12}{3-2y} = 2$  Hint: multiply both sides by  $(3-2y)$ . Remember that  $(3-2y) \neq 0$ !

b)  $\frac{8-2x}{3x-1} = 3$

c)  $\frac{3x+a}{2a-5x} = -1$

2. Solve the equation:

$$(x-3)^2 - (x-5)(x+5) = 4$$

3. Simplify the fractions using the above identities and factoring rules:

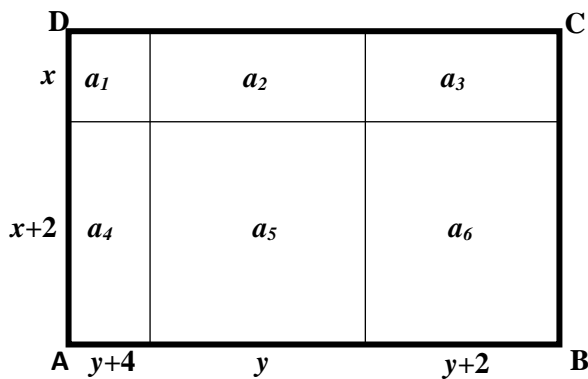
(a)  $\frac{y^2-16}{3y+12} =$

(b)  $\frac{a^2+10a+25}{a^2-25} =$

(c)  $\frac{15z^2-9z}{25z^2-9} =$

4. ABCD, below, is a rectangle that is split into 6 smaller ones by 3 parallel lines. Find:

- (a) The area of each rectangle
- (b) The sum of the areas of the 6 rectangles
- (c) The total area ABCD
- (d) Compare (b) and (c)



5. Find  $n$  for

(a)  $3^{-n} = 3$

(b)  $3^{-n} = \frac{1}{3}$

(c)  $9^{-n} = 81$

6. Practice the attached Math Kangaroo paper (Do not submit!)