## Math 5e, Homework 26 due April 30

**Instructions:** Some of the problems we solved in class, and some are new. Please try to solve all problems, do your best, and show your work. Write on separate sheets of paper, not between the lines of this handout!

## **Geometry: Congruency**

Congruent triangles

**Rule 1** (Side-Side rule). If AB = A'B', BC = B'C' and AC = A'C' then  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle A'B'C'$ .

**Rule 2** (Side-Angle-Side rule). If  $AB \cong A'B'$ ,  $AC \cong A'C'$  and the angles these sides  $\angle CAB = \angle C'A'B'$ , then  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle A'B'C'$ .

Parallelogram: A parallelogram is a quadrilateral in which opposite sides are parallel. The sum of angles of an n-gon: is  $(n - 2) \times 1800$ .

## Homework

(some problems were solved in class; review notes and please solve again)

1. Solve the equations

a. 
$$\frac{2}{3}x - \frac{1}{6}x = 54$$
  
b.  $(2x + \frac{3}{4}x) - \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{15}{18}$ 

- 2. Write as powers with the same base **Example:**  $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^4$ 
  - a.  $5^2 \times 5^3 =$ b.  $2^4 \times 64 =$ c.  $23^6 \div 23^7 =$
  - d.  $\frac{7^{9} \cdot 7^{5}}{7^{12}} =$



3. The segments AC and BD intersect at point O that splits each in two equal parts (point O is a segment bisector). Show (prove) that  $\triangle AOB \cong \triangle COD$ 

4. In the figure,  $AC \perp AB$  ( $\perp = perpendicular$ ),  $BD \perp AB$  and AC = BD. Show (prove) that  $\triangle ABC \cong \triangle BAD$ 





