

Math 5b, homework 24.

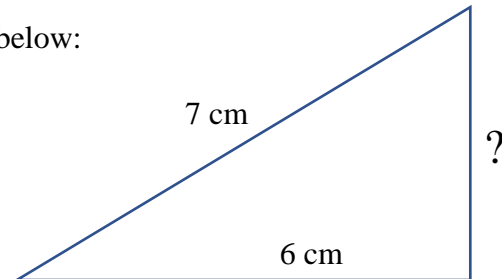
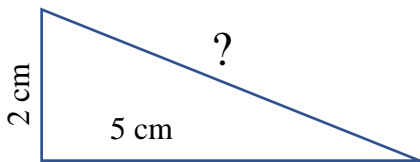
1. Prove that the value of the following expressions is a rational number.

a.  $(\sqrt{2} + 1)^2 + (\sqrt{2} - 1)^2$

b.  $(\sqrt{7} - 1)^2 + (\sqrt{7} + 1)^2$

c.  $(\sqrt{7} - 2)^2 + 4\sqrt{7}$

2. Find the missing length of the side of right triangles below:



3. Evaluate:

a.  $5 \cdot \sqrt{4} \cdot 3$ ;

b.  $2 \cdot \sqrt{9} + 3 \cdot \sqrt{16}$

c.  $\sqrt{13 - 3 \cdot 3}$ ;

d.  $\sqrt{7^2 - 26} : 2$

e.  $\frac{1}{2} \sqrt{5^2 + 22} : 2$ ;

f.  $3\sqrt{0.64} - 5 \cdot \sqrt{1.21}$

4. Write without parenthesis and simplify the expressions:

Example:  $4(-x + 3y) - 2(x + 5y) = -4x + 12y - 2x - 10y = -6x + 2y$

a.  $-8(-2a + 5)$ ;

b.  $4(-x + 3y) - 2(x + 5y)$

c.  $5(3c - 2) + 2(4 - 7c)$

d.  $2(5b - 4c + 3)$ ;

e.  $-2(6d - k) + 3(4d - 2k)$

f.  $3(-8 + 2y) - 4(2y - 6)$

5. 12% of boys and 8% of girls play in the school orchestra. What percentage of all students play in the school orchestra if boys make up  $\frac{3}{5}$  of all students?
6. Prove that the numbers  $3^{33}$ ,  $3^{333}$ ,  $3^{3333}$  end with the same digit.