

# Pressure in fluids

- **Hydrostatic Pressure** (static fluid in the presence of gravity):

$$\Delta P = \rho g h$$

Here  $\rho$  is fluid density,  $g$  is gravitational acceleration,  $h$  is the depth difference between two points, and  $\Delta P$  is the pressure difference between them.

- **Bernoulli Principle** (fluid in motion, no gravity):

$$P + \frac{\rho v^2}{2} = \text{const}$$

is the speed of the fluid. The equation works only *along the flow*.

# Homework

Water in a house is supplied from the water tower. The water level in the tower is at the height  $H=30\text{m}$  above the ground.

- Find the pressure in the water line in a bathroom on the second floor, which is located at height  $h=5\text{m}$  above the ground (in Pa)
- Find the speed  $v$  of the running water when the tap is fully opened. (remember to use SI units)

c) Find the time needed to fill a container of volume  $V = 1$  liter. Assume the inner radius of the faucet to be  $r=1$  cm.

d) Use part c to measure the speed of the running water in your bathroom (note that faucet may have a different radius than 1 cm)

