

# Work and Kinetic Energy

“Change in **kinetic energy** is equal to the **mechanical work** done by all forces”

$$\Delta K = W$$

**(Work = Force x Displacement)**

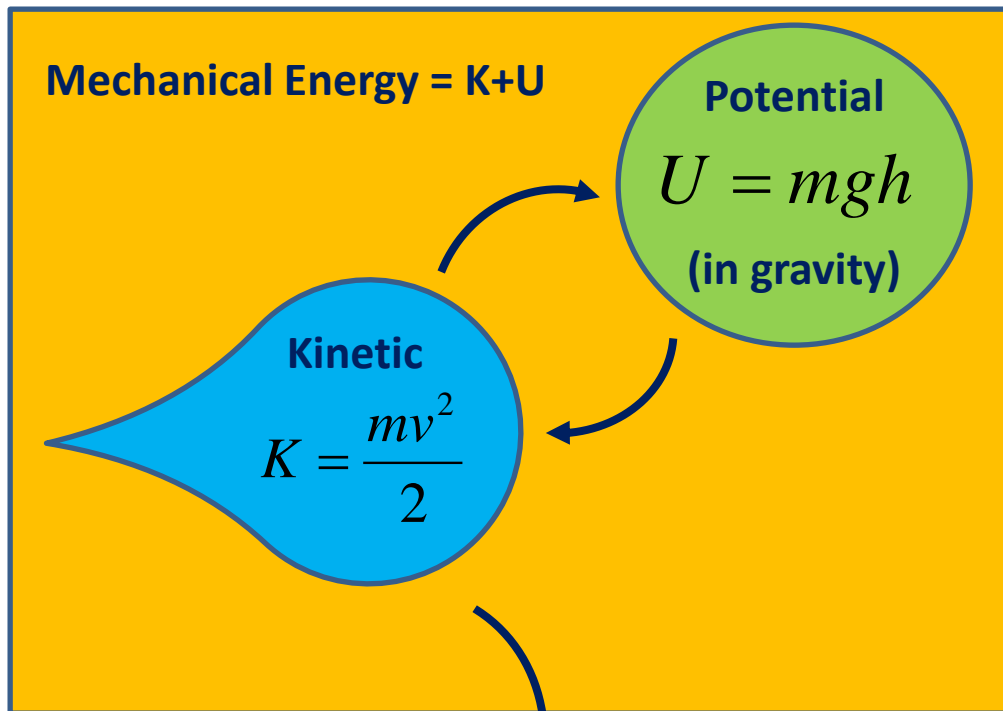
$$K = \frac{mv^2}{2},$$

is called Kinetic Energy of an object

$$W = F\Delta x,$$

is called Mechanical Work

# Mechanical Energy and Work



**Change in Energy = Work**

$$W = F\Delta x$$

Unit of Energy & Work is called Joule (J)

$$1J = 1N \cdot m = 1 \frac{kg \cdot m^2}{s^2}$$

# Homework 19

## Problem 1.

A driver in the car moving with speed  $30 \text{ m/s}$  applies brakes. Friction force acting on the car is  $10 \text{ kN}$ . Mass of the car is  $2000 \text{ kg}$ . Find the distance that the car will travel before coming to a complete stop.

## Problem 2.

In shot put an athlete is throwing a heavy ball (the shot) as far as possible. The shot has mass  $8 \text{ kg}$ . The current men's world record is throwing it  $23.56 \text{ meters}$  that corresponds to a speed of about  $15 \text{ m/s}$  at the start. During the throwing the athlete makes a complex movement represented on the diagram on the next page. Assuming the athlete's hand with the ball moves  $1.5 \text{ meters}$  during this process, what is the force exerted by the athlete on the ball?

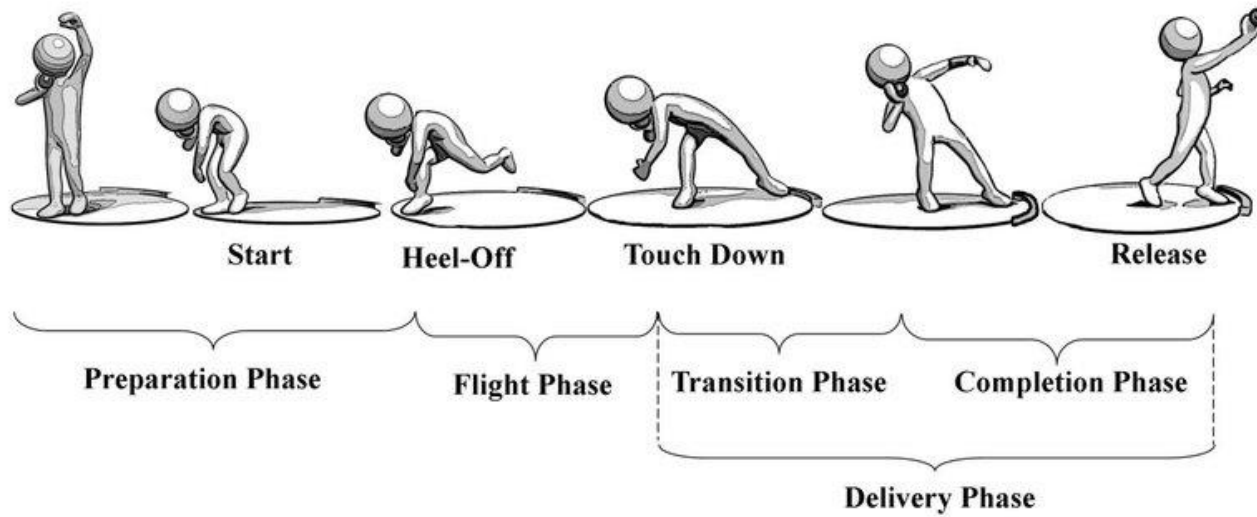


Diagram: shot put technique