Homework 12.



1. Write the square of a sum as a polynomial:

a.
$$\left(\frac{1}{2}+a\right)^2$$
 b. $(1.1+p)^2$ c. $\left(\frac{3}{5}ab+\frac{1}{2}c^2\right)^2$

2. Evaluate using the sum of the square: Example:

$$41^2 = (40 + 1)^2 = 40^2 + 2 \cdot 40 \cdot 1 + 1^2 = 1600 + 80 + 1 = 1681$$

a.
$$91^2$$
; b. 72^2 ; c. 302^2

3. Represent polynomial as a square of a sum $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$: Example:

$$9m^{2} + 6mn + n^{2} = 3^{2}m^{2} + 2 \cdot 3mn + n^{2} = (3m)^{2} + 2 \cdot (3m) \cdot n + n^{2}$$
$$= (3m + n)^{2}$$

a.
$$x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$
; b. $a^2 + 4ab + 4b^2$; c. $9 + 6a + a^2$

- *d.* $x^2 + 2x + 1$; *e.* $4m^2 + 9n^2 + 12mn$; *f.* $a^6 + 2a^3b^3 + b^6$
- 4. There are two numbers, the first number is 7 less than the second. If the first number is increased 2 times, and the second number is increased by 6, then their sum will be 31. What are the numbers?
- 5. Solve the equations:

a.
$$-(a + 4) - 19 = 7;$$
 b. $2\frac{1}{3} - \left(y - \frac{5}{12}\right) = 1.75$

6. Evaluate:

$$\frac{10.2:\left(18.5 - \left(5\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1.75 - 3\frac{2}{3} \cdot 1.75\right): 2\frac{1}{3}\right)}{80.64:1.6 - 3.4:\frac{1}{6}}$$

Answer is 0.02.