## Refraction

### change in the direction of travel at the boundary

## Different materials transmit light at different speeds.





#### **Refraction depends on:**

- the ratio of the speed of light in the two materials (compared to its speed in the air, in a diamond visible light travels about 2.4 times slower; in water – about 1.33 times slower; in glass – about 1.5 times slower)
- the angle of incidence; a ray of light that is perpendicular to the surface is not refracted at all.









## **Pencil Experiment**



- The light rays form the upper part of the pencil travel straight to the eye.
- The light rays from the submerged portion of the pencil travel:



- 1. through the water,
- 2. across the water-air boundary, where they <u>refract</u>,
- 3. through the air ultimately to the eye.

The eye-brain interaction cannot account for the refraction of light: our brain judges the object location to be the location where light rays *appear* to originate from assuming <u>that light rays always travel in straight lines</u>...because when we are babies our brain learns exactly that!

### **Dispersion of Light** splitting of light into its component colors

<u>Different colors</u> (wavelengths) of light *travel at different speed in the same material* and therefore <u>refract differently</u>:

- Red (longer wavelength) is bent less.
- Violet (shorter wavelength) is bent more.
- > This allows for <u>separation of colors</u> in certain geometries.

### **Glass prism**

Water droplet



# Rainbows result from refraction of sunlight in falling water droplets plus reflection of the light from the back of the droplet.



The <u>size of the droplets</u> influences the rainbow appearance: large droplets (>1mm) result in lack of blue color, small droplets make red disappear; fine mist and fog (<0.05mm) produce white or "fog" bow.

## Rainbows...in your backyard!



# All you need is small water droplets and bright sunlight!



### Can you see the rainbow when the Sun is overhead? Can you see the full circle? Think again ©

All you need to do İS position . yourself between the Sun and the raincloud and look down!

**The Glory** 



## What happens to light if we have ice crystals in the air instead of water droplets?

### The Sun Halo and the Sun Dogs

formed by light refraction in horizontally floating hexagonal plate ice crystals high in the cirrus clouds.



# Do you see what I see?





Normal Vision People will see Albert Einstein in the Picture

Near-Sighted People will see Marilyn Monroe

NOTE\* If you see Einstein then step back a ways to see Marilyn Appear

Test Greated by Dr. Aude Oliva, MIT in 2007