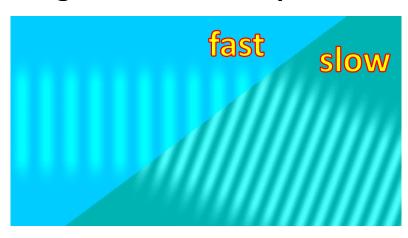
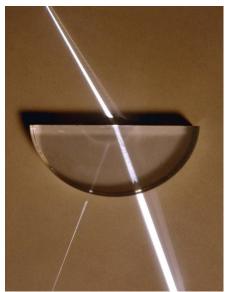
Refraction

change in the direction of travel at the boundary

Different materials transmit light at different speeds.

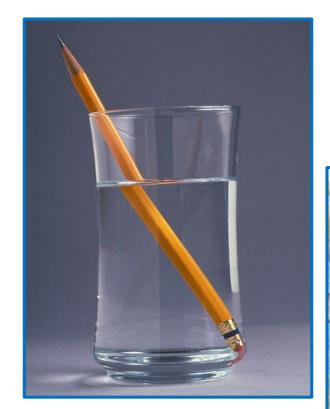






Refraction depends on:

- the ratio of the speed of light in the two materials (compared to its speed in the air, in a diamond visible light travels about 2.4 times slower; in water – about 1.33 times slower; in glass – about 1.5 times slower)
- the angle of incidence; a ray of light that is perpendicular to the surface is not refracted at all.

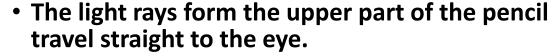


Refraction in Water





Pencil Experiment

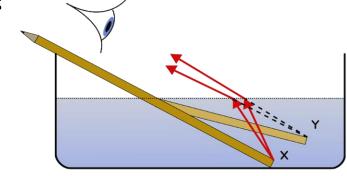


• The light rays from the submerged portion of the

pencil travel:

side view

top view



- 1. through the water,
- 2. across the water-air boundary, where they refract,
- 3. through the air ultimately to the eye.

The eye-brain interaction cannot account for the refraction of light: our brain judges the object location to be the location where light rays appear to originate from assuming that light rays always travel in straight lines...because when we are babies our brain learns exactly that!

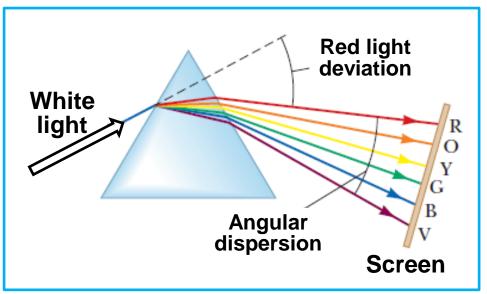
Dispersion of Light

splitting of light into its component colors

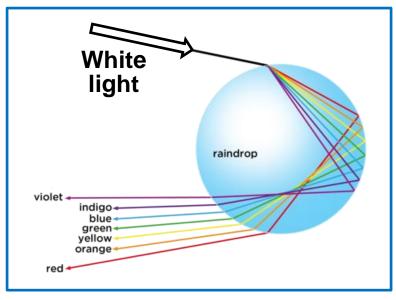
<u>Different colors</u> (wavelengths) of light travel at different speed in the same material and therefore refract differently:

- Red (longer wavelength) is bent less.
- Violet (shorter wavelength) is bent more.
- > This allows for <u>separation of colors</u> in certain geometries.

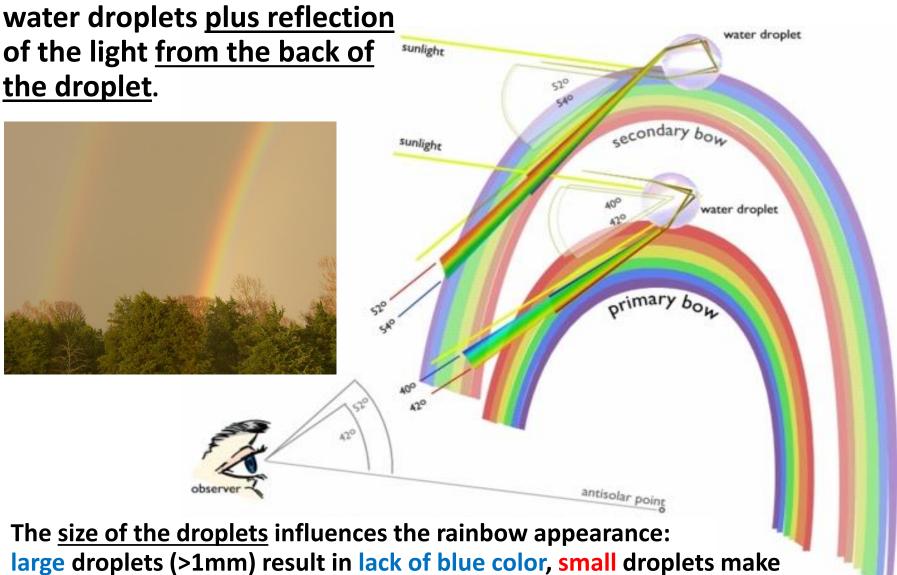
Glass prism



Water droplet



Rainbows result from refraction of sunlight in falling



red disappear; fine mist and fog (<0.05mm) produce white or "fog" bow.

Rainbows...in your backyard!



Can you see the rainbow when the Sun is overhead? Can you see the full circle? Think again ©

All you need to do is position yourself between the Sun and the raincloud and look down!

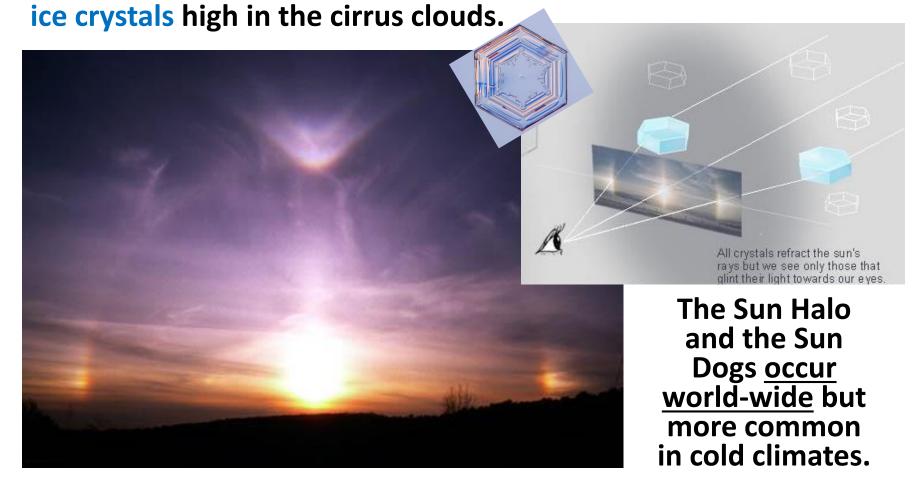


The Glory

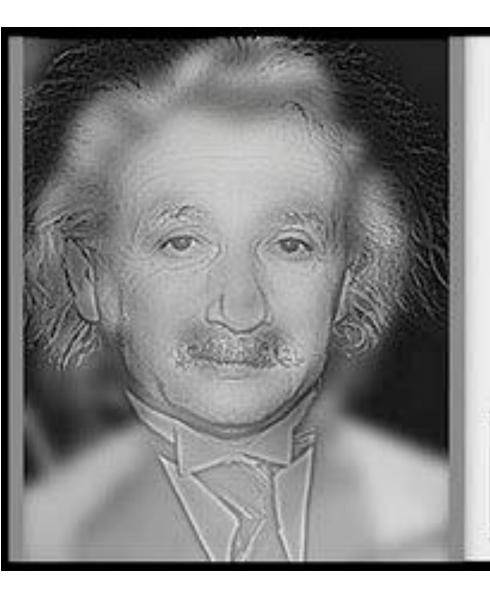
What happens to light if we have ice crystals in the air instead of water droplets?

The Sun Halo and the Sun Dogs

formed by light refraction in horizontally floating hexagonal plate



Do you see what I see?



Vision Test

Normal Vision People will see Albert Einstein in the Picture

Near-Sighted People will see Marilyn Monroe

NOTE* If you see Einstein then step back a ways to see Marilyn Appear

Test Created by Dr. Aude Oliva, MIT in 2007