Length scales in Nature

1 mm



Grain of sugar, small insects, etc

1 km



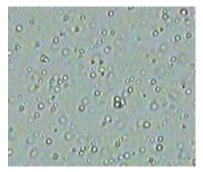
Brooklyn bridge

10⁻³ m 1 m 10³ m

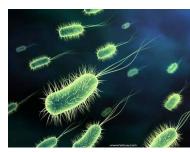
1 micron (1μm)

Particles in smoke, milk, etc

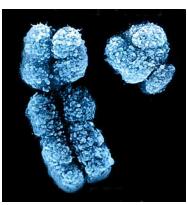
 $(1-20 \mu m)$



Bacteria (1-10 μm)



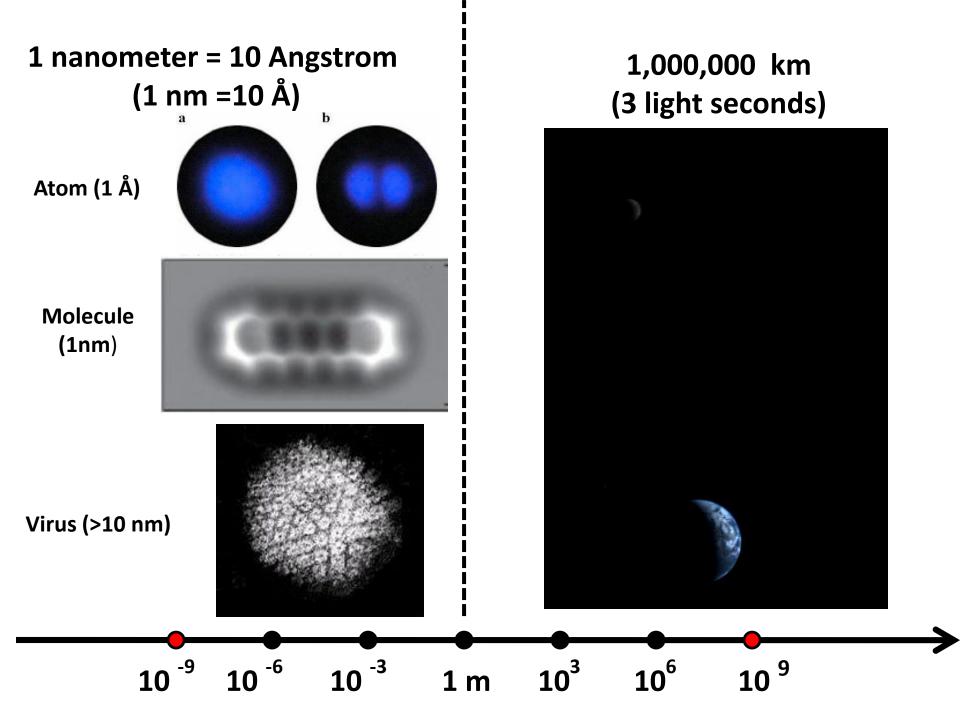
Human Chromosome (2 -10 μm)

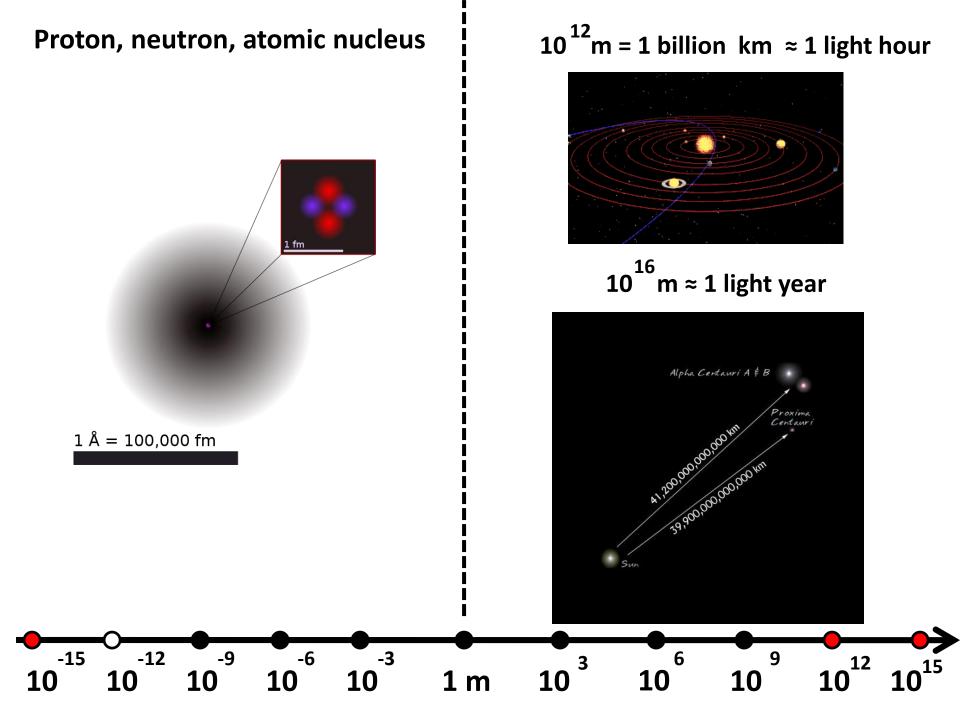


1000 km

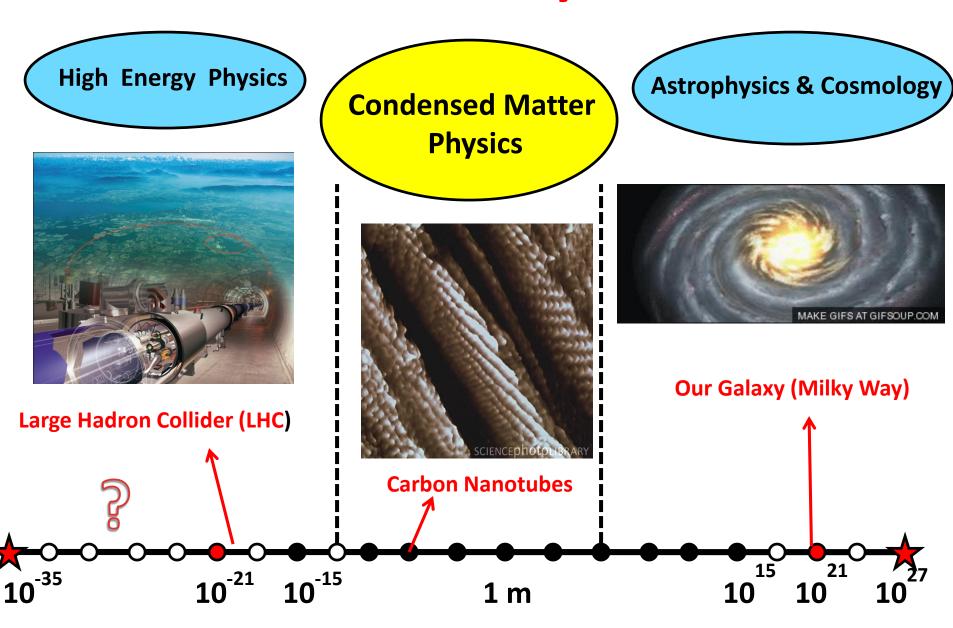


10⁻⁶ 10⁻³ 1 m 10³ 10⁶



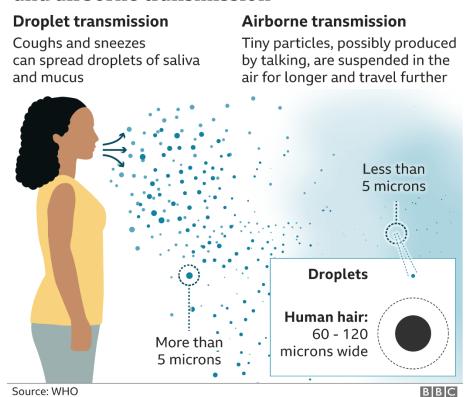


Modern Physics



about 100 nm = $0.1 \, \mu m$

The difference between droplet and airborne transmission



pore size: $< 0.3 \mu m$



1..10 μm



about 10 μm



about 100 μ m (0.1 mm)



Homework 1

Problem 1.

Water molecule can be approximated as a sphere of radius 2 Å (1Å=10⁻¹⁰m, is called Angstrom). Estimate how many molecules is there in 1 cm³ of water.

Problem 2.

Estimate the number of cells in your body, by approximating a single cells as a cube sized 10x10x10 micron. *Hint:* if you know your mass, you know your volume.