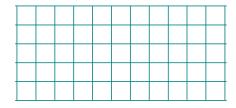
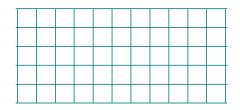
## **Lesson № 22**

1 Solve the word problems:

**A.** A robot spent 3 hours to make 6 sets of chess pieces. How long will it take the robot to make 17 such sets?



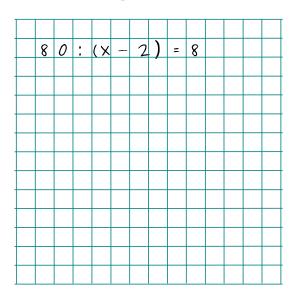
**B.** It takes a raft 6 hours to drift every 18 km downstream. How long will it take the raft to drift 24 km?

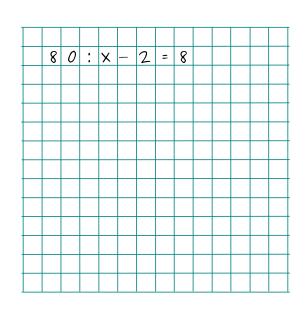


**C.** There were 18 apples and 24 oranges in a bad. Katie took  $\frac{1}{3}$  of those apples and  $\frac{1}{4}$  of the oranges. How many fruit did she take?



2 Solve equations:





## General fraction $\frac{m}{n}$ .

Calculate:

$$1 m + 1 m =$$

$$\frac{1}{7} + \frac{1}{7} = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n} =$$

$$\frac{1}{n} + \frac{1}{n} =$$

$$1 \text{ cm} \times 3 =$$

$$1 \text{ m} \times 3 =$$

$$\frac{1}{7} \times 3 =$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \times 3 =$$

A fraction  $\frac{1}{n}$  represents a unit broken into n equal parts.

A fraction  $\frac{m}{n}$  represents **m** fractions  $\frac{1}{n}$  added together:

$$\frac{m}{n} = m \times \frac{1}{n}$$

Calculate:

$$3 \text{ cm} + 5 \text{ cm} =$$

$$2 dm + 6 dm =$$

$$\frac{2}{9} + \frac{5}{9} = \frac{2}{n} + \frac{5}{n} =$$

$$\frac{2}{n} + \frac{5}{n} =$$

$$3 \text{ cm} \times 5 =$$

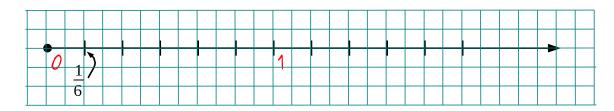
$$2 \text{ m} \times 7 =$$

$$\frac{1}{11} \times 4 =$$

$$\frac{1}{n} \times 9 =$$

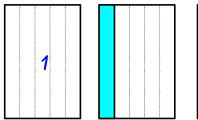
Label the following fractions on the number line:  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$ ,  $\frac{1}{4}$ ,  $\frac{1}{12}$ ,  $\frac{5}{12}$ ,

$$\frac{3}{4}$$
 ,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ,  $1\frac{3}{12}$  ,  $\frac{2}{3}$ 

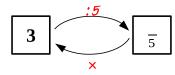


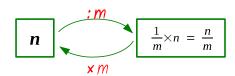
Compare the yellow (Y) and the gray (G) areas on the drawing: 6

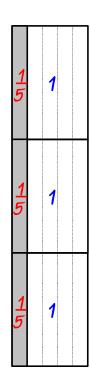


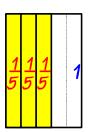


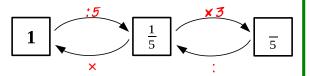


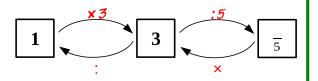












The yellow and the gray rectangles have the same area but different shape.

These shapes illustrate two ways of making a fraction

$$\frac{m}{n} = \frac{1}{n} \times m = m : n$$

Fill in the blanks:

$$\frac{1}{5} \times 3 = \frac{1}{5} = 3:5$$

$$\square \times 4 = \frac{4}{7} = \square : \square$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \times 3 = \frac{1}{5} = 3:5$$
  $\square \times 4 = \frac{4}{7} = \square : \square$   $\frac{1}{9} \times \square = \frac{1}{9} = 7:\square$ 

$$\square \times 5 = \frac{1}{6} = 5 : \square$$

$$\frac{1}{8} \times 3 = \square : \square$$

$$\square \times 5 = \frac{1}{6} = 5 : \square$$
  $\frac{1}{8} \times 3 = \frac{\square}{\square} = \square : \square$   $\frac{1}{\square} \times \square = \frac{1}{5} = 3 : \square$ 

$$\frac{1}{7} \times \square = \frac{4}{7} = \square : \square$$

$$\frac{\square}{5} \times 2 = \frac{2}{5} = 2 : \square$$

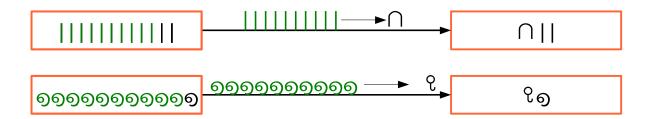
$$\frac{1}{7} \times \square = \frac{4}{7} = \square : \square$$
  $\frac{\square}{5} \times 2 = \frac{2}{5} = 2 : \square$   $\frac{1}{8} \times 5 = \frac{\square}{\square} = 5 : \square$ 

Addition and subtraction in ancient Egyptian symbols is similar to what they are in our numerical system.

Sometimes you have to regroup.

For example:

Number	Symbol	Description
1		Vertical stroke
10	Λ	Heel bone
100	9	Scroll
1000	9	Lotus flower
10,000	6	Pointing finger
100,000	Ŷ	Fish
1,000,000	ન્દિ	Kneeling person



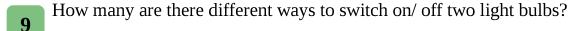
The answer is 11 hundreds, 3 tens, and 12 units.

Instead of 12 units we want to have 2 units and 1 ten.

Also, instead of 11 hundreds we want to have 1 thousand and 2 hundreds.

So the answer is really: 900000 ||.

Calculate in Egyptian:





 $_{2.}$ 

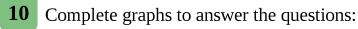
3.



5.

 $_{6.}$ 

How many different ways did you find?



**A.** Three players have to play a group chess tournament. Each player must have a game with another one. How many games will be played?

**B.** Four players have to play a group chess tournament. Each player must have a game with another one. How many games will be played?

**C.** Five players have to play a group chess tournament. Each player must have a game with another one. How many games will be played?

**10** The following bus services connecting towns A, B, C, D, and E are available in both directions:

1. A – B : \$5

2. D - C : \$7

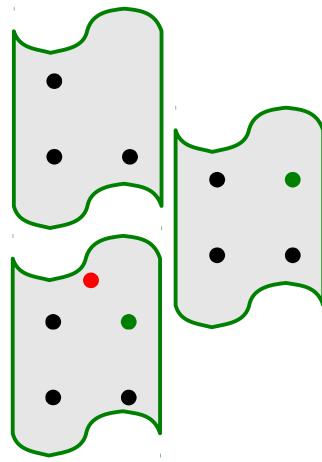
3. B - E : \$4

4. B – D: \$5

5. D - E : \$4

6.C - E:6

What is the cheapest way from A to C?



 $\boldsymbol{B}$ 

 $\boldsymbol{D}$ 

 $\boldsymbol{E}$