Math 4. Class work 13.

Algebra.

In a process of measurement, we compare a standard unit, such as 1m for length, 1kg for mass, 1degree Celsius for temperature, and so on (we can use another standard units, for example 1 foot, 1 degree Fahrenheit) with the quantity we are measuring. It is very likely that our



$$n + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + \cdots$$

It turns out that perhaps the most convenient way is to divide a unit into 10 equal parts, then each of one tenth into another 10 even smaller equal parts and so on. In this way we will get a series of fractions with denominators 10, 100, 1000 and so on:



The result of our measurement can be written in a 10 based place value system.

$$10 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 + \frac{1}{10} \cdot 6 + \frac{1}{100} \cdot 5 + \frac{1}{1000} \cdot 4 = 10 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 + \frac{6}{10} \cdot + \frac{5}{100} + \frac{4}{1000}$$
$$= 10 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 6 + \frac{600}{1000} + \frac{50}{1000} + \frac{4}{1000}$$





$$\frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{100}, \frac{1}{1000}$$
...

units tenths tens hundredths thousandths 26654 10x bigger 10x smaller

Of course all such numbers can be expressed in the fractional notation as fractions with denominators 10, 100, 1000 ..., but in decimal notation all arithmetic operations are much easier to perform.

1. Write in decimal notation the following fractions:

$2\frac{4}{10} =$	$1\frac{1}{10} =$
$4\frac{9}{10} =$	$4\frac{333}{1000} =$
$24\frac{25}{100} =$	$8\frac{45}{1000} =$
$98\frac{3}{100} =$	$75\frac{8}{10000} =$
$1\frac{1}{100} =$	$9\frac{565}{10000} =$

2. Compute:

1.2 + 2.3 + 3.4 + 4.5 + 5.6 + 6.7 + 7.8 = 2.3 + 3.4 + 4.5 - 5.6 + 6.7 + 7.8 + 8.5 + 9.2 = 1.7 + 3.3 + 7.72 + 3.28 + 1.11 + 8.89 =18.8 + 19 + 12.2 + 11.4 + 0.6 + 11 =

3. Which numbers are marked on the number lines below:





- 5. Draw a number line in your notebook, use 10 squares as a unit. Mark points with coordinates 0.1, 0.5, 0.7, 1.2, 1.3, 1.9.
- 6. Which part of 1 m is 1 cm? Which part of 1 km is 1 m? Which part of 1 cm is 1 mm? Which part of 1 m is 1 dm? Which part of 1 kg is 1 g? Which part of 1 g is 1 mg?
- 7. Which fractions below can be easily written in decimal notations:
 - $\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{3}, \frac{1}{4}, \frac{1}{5}, \frac{1}{6}, \frac{1}{7}, \frac{1}{8}, \frac{1}{9}, \frac{1}{10}, \frac{1}{11}, \frac{1}{12}, \frac{1}{13}, \frac{1}{14}, \frac{1}{15}, \frac{1}{16}.$

Why do you think so?

8. Write decimals as fractions and evaluate the following expressions:

•••				
		a. $\frac{2}{3} + 0.5;$ d. $0.6 - \frac{2;}{5}$	b. $\frac{1}{3} \cdot 0.9;$ e. $0.4:\frac{2}{7};$	$c. \ \frac{3}{16} \cdot 0.16$ $f. \ \frac{9}{20} : 0.03$
9.	Compute:			
	3.2 + 7.5; 0.06 + 2.9;	9.2 – 2; 12.5 – 0.05;	8 — 1.7; 2.78 — 1.8;	2.8 + 0.7; 5.6 + 3.4;
	3.14 - 1.9;	4.5 + 0.63;	3.2:0.01;	2.4 · 10;

5.8 · 0.1; 9.2: 100

4.

Geometry.

We did many problems about how to draw a picture without tracing twice any segment in a figure. Can you tell right away which figure can be traced this way and which cannot?



The old town of Königsberg has seven bridges:

Can you take a walk through the town, visiting each part of the town and crossing each bridge only once?

- A point is called a **vertex** (plural vertices)
- A line is called an edge
- The whole diagram is called a graph.





There are 85 students in the fourth grade. One fifth of them don't do any sport. 41 students play basketball, 42 students swim. How many students do both, swimming and basketball?