Math 4. Handout September 22-2019

Geometry

A **definition** is a statement of the meaning of something (a term, a word, another statement).

In our real life it is very useful and convenient to agree about terms and concepts, to give them a definition, before starting using them just to be sure that everybody knows what they are talking about.

desk

noun

noun: desk; plural noun: desks

- 1. 1)a piece of furniture with a flat or sloped surface and typically with drawers, at which one can read, write, or do other work.
- 2)a counter in a hotel, bank, or airport at which a customer may check in or obtain information. "the reception desk"



A Point

In geometry, a point is not a thing, but a place. It has no dimensions (actual size), no width, no thickness. A point is an exact position or location on a plane surface. A point can be very tiny or very large and it still represents a point. A point is usually named with a capital letter.







A Line

A line is "a row of closely spaced dots will look like a continuous line"It has no beginning point or end point. Imagine it continuing indefinitely in both directions.

A line has no thickness.

A line is drawn as a straight line (unless it is indicated that the line is not straight) with two arrowheads (or without them) indicating that the line extends without end in both directions.

A line is named by a single lowercase letter (*m*), or by any two points on the line, \overrightarrow{AB} or *AB*



A Plane is a flat level or surface.

- A plane has no thickness but extends indefinitely in all directions.
- Planes are usually represented by parallelogram.
- Even though the diagram of a plane has edges, you must remember that the plane has no boundaries.
- A plane is named by a single letter (plane *p*) or by three non-collinear points (plane ABC).

