1. Remove parentheses and simplify:

a).
$$(2x-4): 4+(\frac{1}{2}x+\frac{2}{3})\cdot 3=$$

b).
$$(\frac{3}{4} - x) \cdot 2 + (x + \frac{1}{6}) \cdot 3 =$$

2. Multiply:

$$1 \times (-1) =$$

$$(-1) \times 1 =$$

$$1 \times 1 =$$
 $1 \times (-1) =$ $(-1) \times 1 =$ $(-1) \times (-1) =$

$$3 \times 5 =$$

$$3 \times (-5) =$$

$$(-3) \times 5 =$$

$$3 \times 5 =$$
 $3 \times (-5) =$ $(-3) \times 5 =$ $(-3) \times (-5) =$

3. Solve the equations:

$$\frac{2}{5}x = \frac{1}{15}$$

$$\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{5}{16} - \frac{y}{5} = \frac{1}{4}$$

5. Cross out the equations that are impossible to solve, and solve the rest:

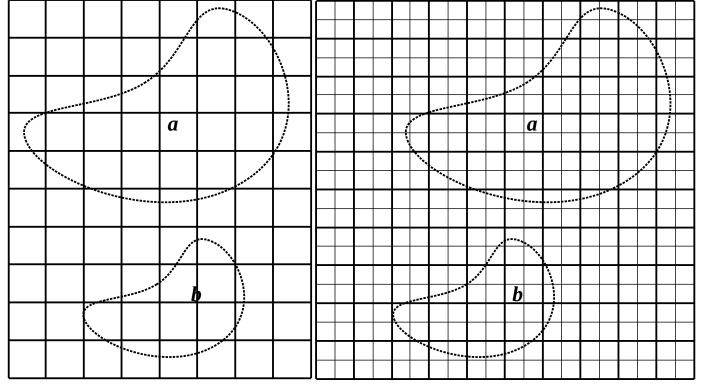
$$|y + 2| = 4$$

$$|y + 2| = -4$$

$$|x-3| = -1$$
 $|x-3| = 1$

$$|x - 3| = 1$$

6. What exactly is the area of a curvy shape?



7. Calculate:

$$2 \times \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 × $\frac{1}{2}$ =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 \times $\frac{1}{6}$ =

$$2: \frac{1}{4} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 : $\frac{1}{2}$ =

$$\frac{1}{5}$$
 : $\frac{1}{6}$ =

$$2 \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

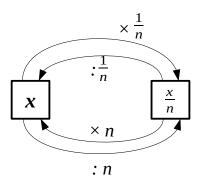
$$\frac{1}{10}$$
 : $\frac{1}{6}$ =

$$\frac{1}{12}$$
 : $\frac{1}{4}$ =

$$2: \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$\frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{6} =$$

$$\frac{1}{12} \times \frac{1}{4} =$$



8. Negative numbers in atoms:

Atoms contain positive protons and negative electrons. A proton has an electric charge +1. An electron has an electric charge -1. Atoms do not have net electric charges since the numbers of electrons and protons are equal. Electrons can be added to atoms or removed from atoms. This way atoms acquire a charge becoming ions.

$$Fe - 2e \rightarrow Fe^{+2}$$

$$0 - (-1) \times 2 = 2$$

$$Ag - 1e \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$O + 2e \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$Ti^{+3} - 1e \rightarrow$$

$$N^{+4}$$
 + 2e \rightarrow _____
