

Algebra and Geometry 1. Homework 21.



1. Solve the system of equations;

$$\begin{cases} 4x + y = 2y - 4 \\ 3x + y = x + 1 \end{cases}$$

2. Using the definition of divisibility (if $A:B=C$, then $A=C \cdot B$; where A, B , and C are polynomials) prove the following equalities:

Example:

$$(9x^2 - 4y^2):(3x + 2y) = 3x - 2y;$$

To prove that we have to multiply $3x - 2y$ by $3x + 2y$ and get $9x^2 - 4y^2$

$$(3x - 2y) \cdot (3x + 2y) = 9x^2 + 6xy - 6xy - 4x^2 = 9x^2 - 4y^2$$

a. $(4a^2 - 20a + 25):(2a - 5) = 2a - 5$

b. $\frac{3m^3 - 6m^2 - 3m}{m^2 - 2m - 1} = 3m$

c. $(4a^2 - 11a - 3):(a - 3) = 4a + 1$

3. For each fraction below find the appropriate set of possible values of variable:

1. $\frac{x - 1}{(x - 2)(x - 3)};$

2. $\frac{(x - 2)(x - 3)}{x - 1};$

3. $\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1}$

4. $\frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2}$

A) $A \neq 1$

B) $x \neq 1$

C) $x \neq 2, x \neq 3$

D) x can be any number

4. Write an expression to find the time (t) needed to the boat to sail for S km against the river flow, if the speed of the boat is v km/h and speed of the river is u km/h.

Find this time for the following values:

a. $S = 30$ km, $v = 10$ km/h, $u = 2$ km/h

b. $S = 32$ km, $v = 15$ km/h, $u = 1$ km/h

5. Simplify the fractions and evaluate with given values of variables (hint: simplify first!):

a. $\frac{x^2 - xy + y^2 - (x - y)^2}{x + y}; \quad x = 0.3, \quad y = 0.5$

b. $\frac{m - 4}{(m + n)^2 - (m - n)^2}; \quad m = \frac{2}{3}, \quad n = -\frac{3}{4}$

c. $\frac{(a + b)^2 - 4ab}{a + b}; \quad a = 0.74, \quad b = -0.26$

6. Represent the following expressions as an exponent with base 2:

Example:

$$\left(\frac{16^n}{16^{2n}}\right)^2 = \left(\frac{1}{16^n}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{16^{2n}} = \frac{1}{(2^4)^{2n}} = \frac{1}{2^{8n}} = 2^{-8n}$$

a. $4^x \cdot 4^y$; b. $8^x : 8^y$; c. $\left(\left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^x\right)^y$; d. $4^{-n} \cdot 4^{2n}$; e. $((0.25)^{-2})^n$

7. Find the value:

$$\sqrt{900}; \quad \sqrt{6400}; \quad \sqrt{810000}; \quad \sqrt{250000}; \quad \sqrt{16000000};$$

$$\sqrt{0.64}; \quad \sqrt{0.0064}; \quad \sqrt{0.0009}; \quad \sqrt{0.000016}; \quad \sqrt{0.000004};$$

8. Prove that the values of the expressions are natural numbers:

Example:

$$(\sqrt{3} - 1)(\sqrt{3} + 1) = \sqrt{3}\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} - 1 \cdot 1 = 3 - 1 = 2$$

a. $(\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5})$;

b. $(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})^2 + (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})^2$;

c. $(\sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3})^2 + (\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{3})^2$;

d. $(\sqrt{8} + 3)^2 - 6\sqrt{8}$;