Math 8

Baseline revue test. Algebra.

- 1. In the first quarter of the year, the retirement fund of Alex's parents lost 15% of its value, in the second quarter it lost another 5%. Then, in the third and fourth quarters it gained 10% and 20%, respectively.
 - a. What is the total net gain/loss of Alex's parents' retirement fund over the year (in percent)?
 - b. What is the mean quarterly gain/loss over the year?
- 2. Open parentheses and expand the following expressions.
 - a. $(a+b)^2 =$
 - b. $(a b)^2 =$
- 3. Factor the following expressions
 - a. $a^2 b^2 =$
 - b. $a^2 + b^2 =$
- 4. For a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ the roots are,

$$x_{1,2} =$$

and they have the following properties,

 $x_1 + x_2 =$

- $x_1 \cdot x_2 =$
- 5. What is the number of permutations of *n* objects?
- 6. How many ways are there to select *k* objects out of *n* if,
 - a. order does matter?
 - b. order does not matter?
- 7. Write the formula for a binomial coefficient

$$C_n^k \equiv {}_n C_k \equiv \binom{n}{k} =$$

and explain its relation to combinatorics and certain counting problems.

8. How many different prime factors does 2024²⁰²⁴ have? How many prime factors does it have in total (that is, when decomposed into a product of primes, how many prime factors, some of them being equal, are there in that product)?

Math 8 placement test 2024

1. Write the following number in the form $a + b\sqrt{3}$, with rational *a*, *b*,

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4+\sqrt{3}} = ?$$

- 2. A certain society needs to elect a committee consisting of a chairman and 3 members. How many ways are there for them to do that if there are 12 candidates?
- 3. 6 kids are choosing toys from a toy bin. There are 10 toys in the bin, all different. How many possible choices are there?
- 4. Factor the following expression:

$$x^4 - 9y^4$$

5. Solve the equation:

6. Solve the inequality:

$$\frac{x+3}{x-1} \ge 0$$

7. A right triangle with angles 90, 60, and 30 degrees is inscribed in a circle with diameter 2. Find the area of this triangle.

September 15, 2024

Handout 1: Combinatorics review

Main formulas of Combinatorics.

• The number of ways to order *n* items is,

$$n! = n(n-1)(n-2) \dots \cdot 2 \cdot 1$$

• The number of ways to choose *k* items out of *n* if the order matters:

$$_{n}P_{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!} = n(n-1)(n-2)\dots (n-k+1)$$

• The number of ways to choose *k* items out of *n* if the order matters:

$$\binom{n}{k} = {}_{n}C_{k} = \frac{n!}{k! (n-k)!} = \frac{n(n-1)(n-2) \dots (n-k+1)}{k(k-1)(k-2) \dots (2 \cdot 1)}$$

These numbers are the ones that appear in Pascal triangle and in many other problems:

 $\binom{n}{k} = {}_{n}C_{k}$ = The number of paths on the chessboard going k units up and n - k to the right = The number of words that can be written using k zeros and n - k ones

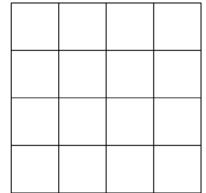
= The number of ways to choose *k* items out of *n* if the order does not matter

<u>Note:</u> when solving combinatorial problems, you don't always need to compute the actual numbers, because they can be HUGE! For example, in problem 8 blow, it's better to keep 60! ("sixty-factorial") in your solution as-is, because the actual number is larger than 10⁸⁰.

Math 8

Combinatorics review problems (homework assignment).

- 1. A club consisting of 25 people need to choose the president, vice-president, and treasurer. In how many ways can they do this?
- 2. In a meeting of 25 people, every one of them shakes hands once with every other. How many handshakes was it altogether?
- 3. There is a round table seating 8. How many ways there are for 8 people to choose their seats at the table? What if we do not distinguish between two seatings which only differ by rotating the table?
- 4. How many words one can get by permuting letters of the word "tiger"? of the word "rabbit"? of the word "common"? of the word "Mississippi"?
- 5. If we draw 3 cards out of the deck of 52 cards (4 suits 13 values), what are the chances that
 - a. They will all be all spades
 - b. They will be all aces
 - c. That they will be ace of spades, queen of spades, and king of spades, in this order
 - d. That they will be queen of spades, ace of spades, and king of spades, in this order
 - e. * That they will be ace, queen, and king of spades, in some order
- How many different paths are there on 4 × 4 chessboard connecting the lower left corner with the upper right corner? What about 5 × 5? The path should always be going to the right or up, never to the left or down.
- 7. How many "words" of length 5 one can write using only letters U and R, namely 3 Us and 2 Rs? What if you have 5 Us and 3 Rs? [Hint: it is related to the previous problem – each such "word" can describe a path on the chessboard, U for up and R for right...]



8. A drunkard is walking along a road from the pub to his house, which is located 1 mile north of the pub. Every step he makes

can be either to the north, taking him closer to home, or to the south, back to the pub – and it is completely random: every step with can be north of south, with equal chances. What is the probability that after 60 steps, he will end up

- a. at the starting position
- b. 2 steps north from the starting position
- c. 1 step north from the starting position
- d. 10 steps north from the starting position
- e. 8 steps north from the starting position
- 9. * You have 10 books which you want to put on 2 bookshelves. How many ways are there to do it (order on each bookshelf matters)?

Solutions to the baseline revue test. Algebra.

- 1. In the first quarter of the year, the retirement fund of Alex's parents lost 15% of its value, in the second quarter it lost another 5%. Then, in the third and fourth quarters it gained 10% and 20%, respectively.
 - a. The total net gain/loss of Alex's parents' retirement fund over the year is a factor of, $y = 0.85 \cdot 0.95 \cdot 1.1 \cdot 1.2 = 1.0659$, or 6.59%
 - b. The mean quarterly gain, *x*, is a factor, which being equally applied for all quarters yields the same yearly gain, $x \cdot x \cdot x = x^4 = 1.0659$, so $x = \sqrt[4]{1.0659} \approx 1.016$, or 1.6%.
- 2. Open brackets and expand the following expressions
 - a. $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + 2ab + b^2$
 - b. $(a-b)^2 = a^2 2ab + b^2$
- 3. Factor the following expressions
 - a. $a^2 b^2 = (a b)(a + b)$
 - b. $a^2 + b^2 = ...$
- 4. For a quadratic equation $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ the roots are,

$$x_{1,2} = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

and they have the following properties,

$$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{b}{a}$$
$$x_1 \cdot x_2 = \frac{c}{a}$$

Although this can be checked by direct substitution of the formula for $x_{1,2}$, the easiest way to see this is by rewriting the equation in the reduced form and identifying it with the product of the two brackets,

$$ax^{2} + bx + c = 0 \Leftrightarrow x^{2} + \frac{b}{a}x + \frac{c}{a} = 0 \Leftrightarrow (x - x_{1})(x - x_{2}) = 0 \Leftrightarrow x^{2} - (x_{1} + x_{2})x + x_{1}x_{2} = 0$$

This is an example of the polynomial factorization, which we will be studying in significant detail this year.

5. What is the number of permutations of *n* objects? Answer: *n*!

This is the number of ways that *n* different objects (or subjects) can be placed into *n* different places.

Examples:

- How many ways is there to sit *n* people in a movie theater with *n* numbered chairs?
- How many ways is there to hand out *n* different books to *n* students?
- How many ways is there to place *n* numbered billiard balls into *n* numbered spots?

There is *n* ways to select a place for the first object (subject), for each of these *n* choices there is n - 1 choice to place the second one, so there are n(n - 1) in total different choices to fill the first two spots, and so on. Hence, there are $n! = n(n - 1)(n - 2) \dots 2 \cdot 1$.

- 6. How many ways is there to select k objects out of n if,
 - a. order does matter? Answer: $_{n}P_{k} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$
 - b. order does not matter? Answer: ${}_{n}C_{k} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$
- 7. How many different prime factors does 2024²⁰²⁴ have? How many prime factors does it have in total (that is, when decomposed into a product of primes, how many prime factors, some of them being equal, are there in that product)?

 $2024^{2024} = (8 \cdot 11 \cdot 23)^{2024} = (2^3 \cdot 11 \cdot 23)^{2024} = 2^{3 \cdot 2024} \cdot 11^{2024} \cdot 23^{2024}$. Hence, 2024^{2024} has 3 different prime factors, 2, 11, and 23, and its prime decomposition is a product of $5 \cdot 2024 = 10120$ prime factors.