

Math 6b  
Homework 6: Review

1. Solve for x (i.e. find values of x, e.g. for  $x^2 = 4$ , x can be +2 or -2) :

- $2x^2 - \frac{8}{9} = 0$
- $40x^2 - 25x = 0$
- $x^2 - x - 20 = 0$  [Hint: First factorize. E.g if  $(x-a)$  and  $(x+a)$  are factors, x can be  $+a$  or  $-a$ .]
- $x^2 + 7x - 18 = 0$

2. Simplify:

- $\frac{x-y}{x^2y} - \frac{x-y}{xy^2}$
- $\frac{a}{c(a-b)} - \frac{c}{a(b-a)}$
- $\frac{1}{x(x-y)(x-z)} + \frac{1}{y(y-z)(y-x)} + \frac{1}{z(z-x)(z-y)}$
- $\frac{a^2-4}{a^2-4a+4}$  [Hint: factorize numerator and denominator and cancel out common factors]
- $1 - \frac{1}{a - \frac{1}{b - \frac{1}{c}}}$

3. Factorize:

- $8a^3b^3 - 125c^3$
- $-x^4 + x^2 + 12$  [Hint: Imagine  $x^2 = y$  ]
- $x^5 - 2x^4 + x^3$  [Hint: First take common factor out and factorize the remaining part]