Math 4. Class Work 3

Division with remainder and divisibility rules.

If there is a number *c* (*factor of a*), that $c \times b = a$ (*product*), then we can say that $a \div b = c$. This means that *a* is divisible by *b*, and *b* can "fit" into *a* a whole number of times: $a \div c = b$.

If there is no number such that the divisor enters the dividend several times, then we can say that this number **is not divisible by the divisor**. In such cases, we can <u>use division with a remainder</u>.



We can use the **divisibility rules** to check quickly if a number is divisible by another without a remainder.

In general, if you can present a number as a product of factors, $a = c \times b \times d$ then *a* is divisible by each factor, by the product of factors, by itself, and by 1, or *a* is divisible by *c*, *b*, *d*, also by the products of the factors $c \times b$, $c \times d$, $b \times d$, by itself, and by 1.

Example: $210 = 21 \times 10 = 3 \times 7 \times 10 = 21 \times 2 \times 5 = \dots$ Then 210 is divisible by 7, 10, 70 and ... (list other factors)

- Evaluate the products and name the factors: Example: 3 · 25 = 75, *the factors are 3 and 25*.
 a. 4 · 12; b. 7 · 11; c. 15 · 20;
- 2. The remainder of 1932 ÷ 17 is 11, and the remainder of 261 ÷ 17 is 6. Is 2193 = 1932 + 261 divisible by 17? Is it possible to say without division?
- 3. Find all natural numbers such that when divided by 5, the quotient and remainder are equal.

4. Factor out the common factor and find the value of the expressions: *Example:*

 $21 + 49 = 3 \times 7 + 7 \times 7 = 7 \times (3 + 7) = 7 \times 10 = 70$ a. 35 - 25; b. 44 + 77; c. 81 - 45;

- 5. Even or odd numbers will be the sum and the product of
 - a. 2 odd numbers
 - b. 2 even numbers
 - c. 1 even and 1 odd number Can you explain why?
- 6. Divisibility check
 - a. Will the following numbers be divisible by 2:

123457, 1029384756, 43567219874563157830 b. by 3 1347, 45632 c. by 5: 5635, 78530, 657932, 45879515 d. by 7: 1645, 234, 5478, 889

- 7. Write all divisors of numbers: 8, 12, 15, 36
 Example: D(8) are 1, 2, 4, 8
- 8. Is the product of 1247 and 999 divisible by 3 (no calculations)?
- 9. Number a is divisible by 5. Is the product $a \cdot b$ divisible by 5? Repeat.
- 10. Without calculating, establish whether the product is divisible by a number. Repeat.

а.	508 · 12 by 3	b.85 · 3719 by 5
С.	2510 · 74 by 37	$d.45 \cdot 26 \cdot 36 by 15$

- 11. Without calculating, establish whether the sum is divisible by a number:
 - *a*. 25 + 35 + 15 + 45 *by* 5; *b*. 14 + 21 + 63 + 24 *by* 7 *c*. 18 + 36 + 55 + 90 *by* 9;
- 12. How many vans are needed to take 55 students on a field trip if a van can take 12 students?
- 13. The summer vacation is 73 days long. Which day of the week will be the last day of vacation if the first day is Tuesday?
- 14.Show that among any three consecutive natural numbers there will be one divisible by 3.
- 15.Among four consecutive natural numbers, will there be a number
 - a. Divisible by 2?
 - b. Divisible by 3?
 - c. Divisible by 4?
 - d. Divisible by 5?