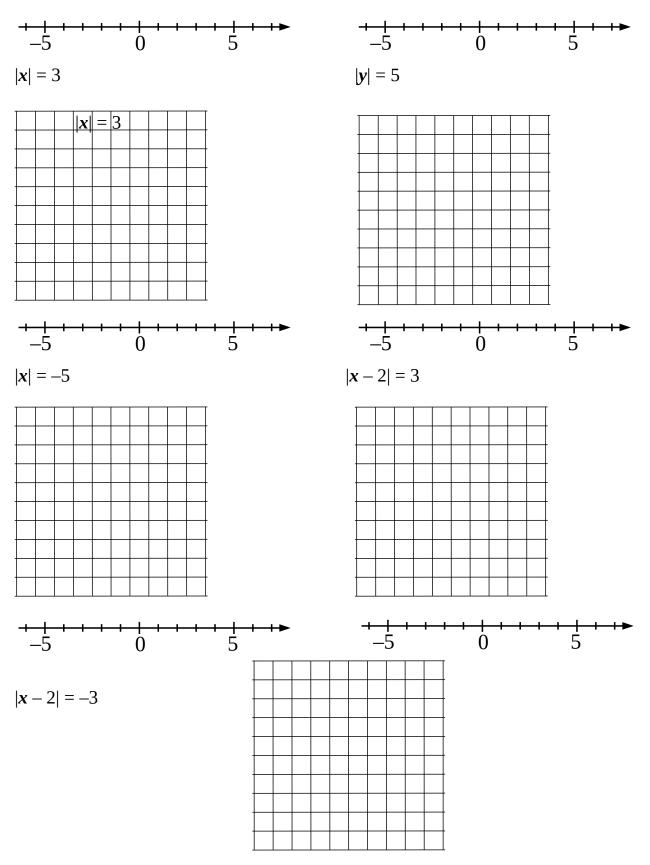
**1.** Calculate:

|5| = |-5| = |5-2| = |2-5| = |-2+(-7)| =

2. *Cross out* the equations that are *impossible to solve;* solve the rest of them:



## Math 4

Classwork #10

**3.** Solve the equations:

$$\frac{2}{5}x = \frac{1}{4} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{5}x - \frac{1}{3} = \frac{1}{6} \qquad \qquad \frac{1}{2} - \frac{3}{4}y = \frac{1}{4}$$

Multiplying and dividing by  $\frac{1}{n}$ .

**4.** Remove parentheses:

$$(10-3x) \cdot 4 + (2x-4y) : 2 =$$

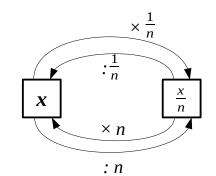
$$(5 + \frac{1}{2}x) \cdot 3 + (x-4) : 2 = 1$$

## 5. Find ...

6.

$$\frac{1}{4} of \frac{1}{3}$$
 is  $\frac{3}{4} of \frac{1}{3}$  is  $\frac{1}{4} of \frac{1}{3}$  is

$$\frac{1}{7}$$
 of  $\frac{1}{3}x$  is  $\frac{2}{7}$  of  $\frac{1}{3}x$  is



$$1 \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$1: \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{5}: \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{5} =$$

$$2 \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10}: \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{6} =$$

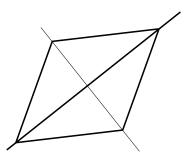
$$2: \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{10} \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{1}{6} =$$

Math 4

A

Property of a rhombus: diagonals of a rhombus are <u>perpendicular</u>.

**7**. Plot a rhombus *ABCD* such that |AB| = x



X

**8**. Plot a straight line *m* perpendicular to the line *RT*.

а

• R • C Math 4

**7.** Make appropriate drawings to solve the equations. Compare the answers.

144: (x-8) = 4 144: x-8 = 4

**8**. Plot rhombus *ABCD* each side of which is 5 cm long. Record your algorithm

