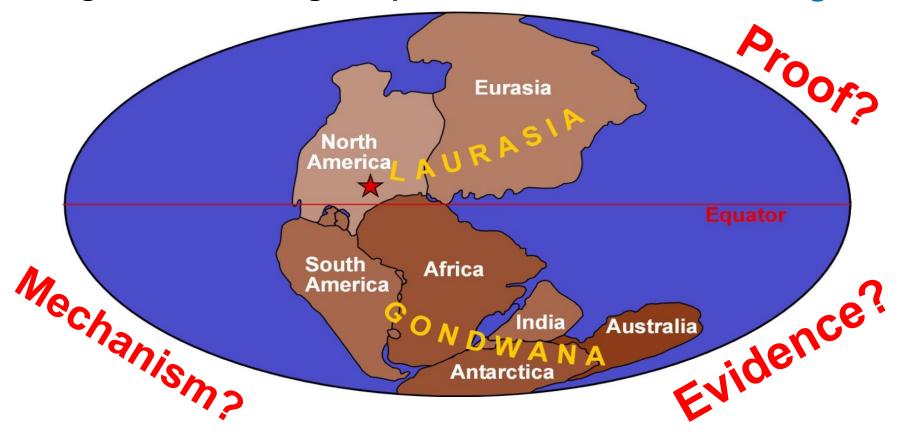
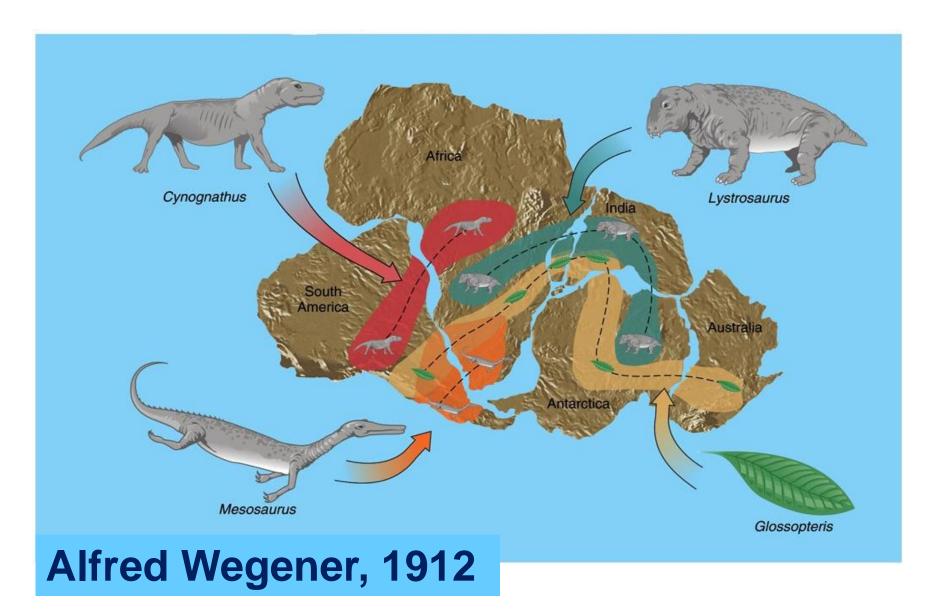


#### **Continental Drift**

- In the late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> centuries, geologists assumed that the Earth's major features were fixed.
- In 1912, Alfred Wegener proposed that up until about 200 million years ago, all of the present continents were joined together into a single super-continent later called Pangea.



#### **Continental Drift: Fossil Evidence**



### **Matching Mountain Ranges**

America

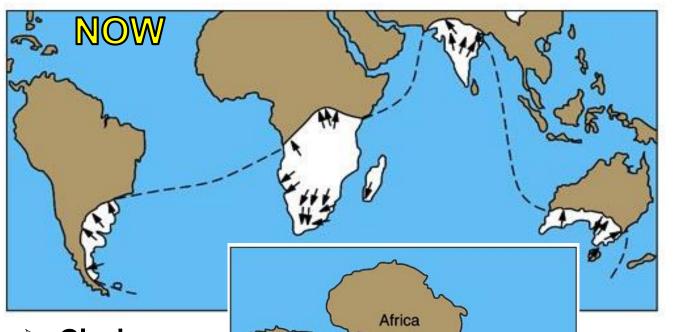
South

Africa



➤ The Caledonian Mountains of Europe and parts of the Appalachian Mountains of North America are very similar in structure and composition.

#### Paleo Glaciation Evidence



Ancient glacial deposits are found on the southern ends of all Southern Hemisphere continents.

Figure 1.2. Glacier retreat "scars" are evident in rocks that are now located in tropical (very warm!) regions.

South America India

Antarctica Australia

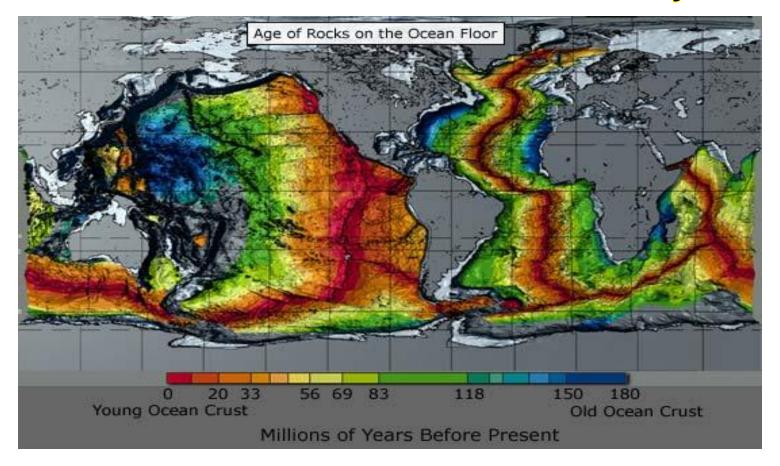
200 MMA

This data is consistent with the ice flow of a single ancient ice cap that once covered a part of Pangea,

similar to the Antarctic ice sheet of our time.

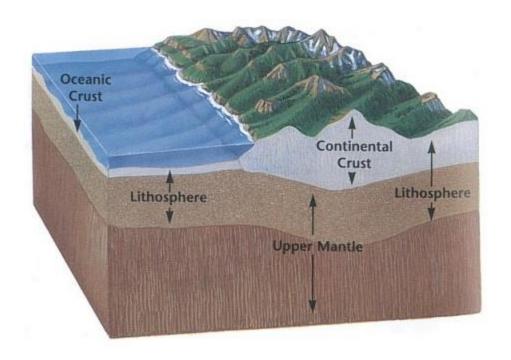
### **Strong Geophysical Proof**

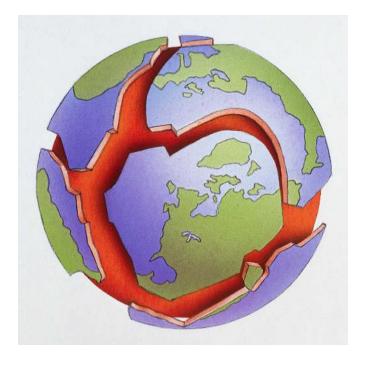
Oceanic crust is seldom more than 200 million years old!



Late 1950s and early 60s data on the bathymetry of the deep ocean floors and the nature of the oceanic crust revealed evidence of seafloor spreading along the mid-oceanic ridges.

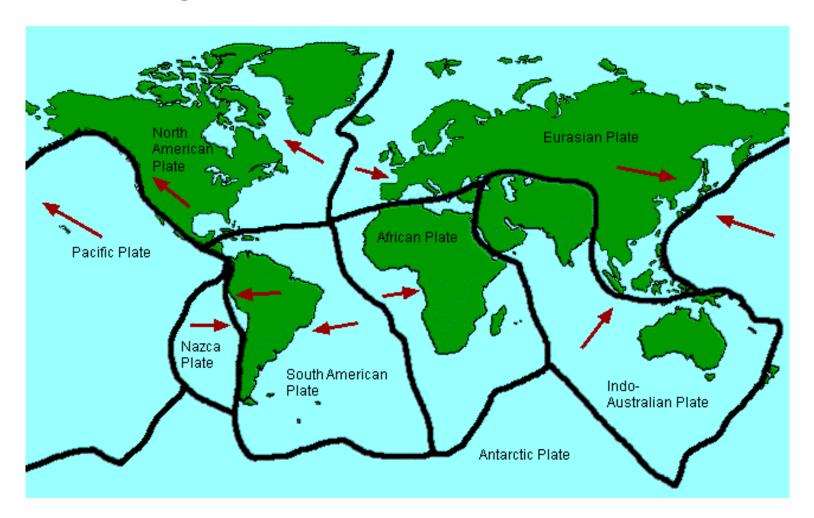
## Lithosphere: Sphere of Rock





- rigid <u>outer layer</u>
- made of crust and the uppermost part of the mantle
- broken into pieces called tectonic plates
- eight major tectonic plates (plus several minor)

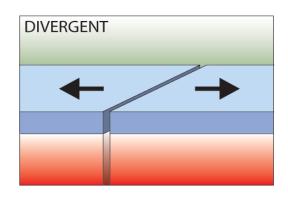
## **Major Tectonic Plates**



All tectonic plates move in different directions 1-2 inches per year.

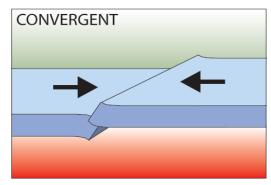
# Three types of plate boundary

Divergent



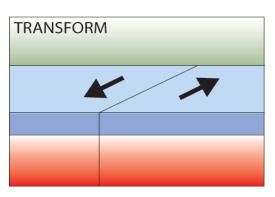
plates move AWAY from each other

Convergent



plates move TOWARDS each other

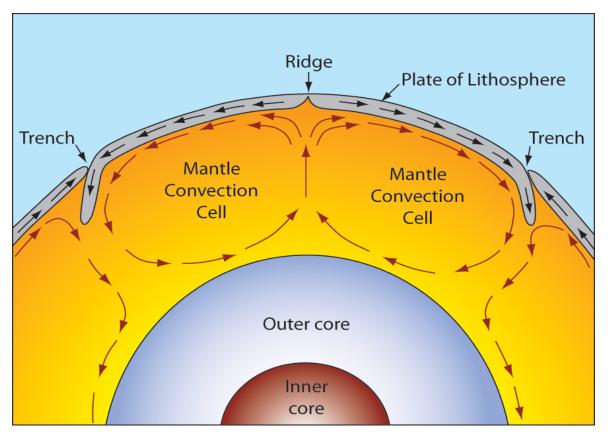
Transform

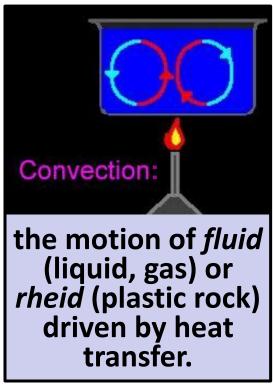


plates SLIDE PAST each other

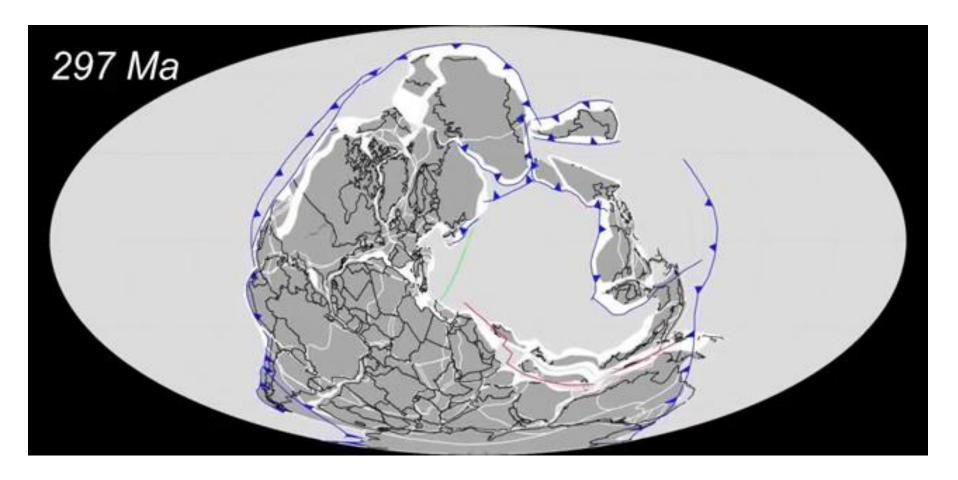
#### **How do Plates Move?**

- The driving forces of plate motion is an active subject of on-going research within geophysics.
- <u>Leading theory</u>: plates of lithosphere are moved around by <u>convection</u> in the underlying hot mantle.





# Plate Movement Simulation (past 300 million years)



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=IlnwyAbczog