HW10, December 5th, 2023

Rules for creating Lewis diagrams:

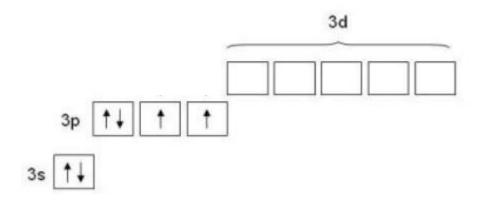
- 1. Sum the valence electrons (electrons from the outer shell) for all atoms. It is crucial to keep track of the total number of valence electrons.
- 2. A pair of electrons forms a bond between atoms.
- 3. Arrange the remaining electrons to satisfy the octet rule for second-row elements in the periodic table or the duet rule (two electrons) for hydrogen.
- 4. The octet rule has exceptions. For example, in certain cases, such as the Lewis structure of BF₃, there can be a deficiency of electrons. Additionally, structures starting from period 3 elements may have an extended octet, as seen in the Lewis structure of SF₆.
- 5. It is helpful to look at electron diagrams of elements (available on the website ptable.com) to gain a better understanding of Lewis structures.

 $H_2O: 1+1+6=18$ valence electrons in water. Lewis structure H:O:H

Structural formula with bonds H-O-H Lewis structure with bons (shared pair of electrons) and lone pairs of electrons

H-O-H

Example of electron diagram. Electron diagram for the outer shell of sulfur elements (S) looks like this:



The Lewis structure from HW9

Questions:

- 1. Write hydrogen peroxide Lewis structure, H₂O₂
- 2. Write electron diagram for phosphorus (P) and Lewis structure for PCl₅

| 3. Write electron diagram for chlorine (Cl) and Lewis structure for ClF ₃ |
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