Homework for April 7, 2024.

Algebra/Geometry. Complex numbers.

Please, complete the previous homework assignments. Review the classwork handout on complex numbers. Solve the following problems.

Problems.

- 1. (i) find the magnitude and the argument, (ii) compute the inverse, and (iii) find the magnitude and the argument of the inverse for the following complex numbers:
 - a. 1 + i
 - b. -i
 - c. 1 + ix

 - d. $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{i}{2}$ e. $\frac{1}{2-i} \frac{1}{2+i}$
- 2. Find a complex number z whose magnitude is 2 and the argument $Arg(z) = \frac{\pi}{4} = 45^{\circ}$.
- 3. Draw the following sets of points on complex plane.
 - a. $\{z | Re(z) = 1\}$
 - b. $\left\{ z | Arg(z) = \frac{3\pi}{4} = 135^{\circ} \right\}$
 - c. $\{z | |z| = 1\}$
 - d. $\{z | Re(z^2) = 0\}$
 - e. $\{z \mid |z^2| = 2\}$
 - f. $\{z | |z-1| = 1\}$
 - g. $\{z \mid z + \bar{z} = 1\}$
- 4. Prove that for any complex number z, we have
 - a. $|\bar{z}|=|z|$, $Arg(\bar{z})=-Arg(z)$
 - b. $\frac{\bar{z}}{z}$ has magnitude 1; check this for z = 1 i.
- 5. If z has magnitude 2 and argument $\frac{\pi}{2}$ and w has magnitude 3 and argument $\frac{\pi}{3}$, what will be the magnitude and the argument of zw? Write it in the form a + bi.
- 6. Let P(x) be a polynomial wit real coefficients.
 - a. Prove that for any complex number z, we have $\overline{P(z)} = P(\overline{z})$

- b. Let z be a complex root of this polynomial, P(z) = 0. Prove that then \bar{z} is also a root, $P(\bar{z}) = 0$.
- 7. Solve the equation $x^3 4x^2 + 6x 4 = 0$. Find the sum and product of the roots in two ways: by using Vieta formulas and by explicit computation. Check that the results match.
- 8. Simplify following expression:
 - a. $(1 + \sin \alpha)(1 \sin \alpha)$
 - b. $(1 + \cos \alpha)(1 \cos \alpha)$
 - c. $\sin^4 \alpha \cos^4 \alpha$
- 9. Prove the following equalities:
 - a. $\cos 3\alpha = 4\cos^3 \alpha 3\cos \alpha$
 - b. $\sin 3\alpha = 3 \sin \alpha 4 \sin^3 \alpha$
 - c. $\cos 4\alpha = 8\cos^4 \alpha 8\cos^2 \alpha + 1$
 - d. $\sin 4\alpha = 4 \sin \alpha \cos^3 \alpha 4 \cos \alpha \sin^3 \alpha$
 - e. $\sin 5\alpha = 16 \sin^5 \alpha 20 \sin^3 \alpha + 5 \sin \alpha$
 - f. $\cos 5\alpha = \cdots$ (find the expression)
- 10. Solve the following equation:
 - a. $\cos^2 \pi x + 4 \sin \pi x + 4 = 0$
- 11. Solve the following equations and inequalities:
 - a. $\sin x + \sin 2x + \sin 3x = \cos x + \cos 2x + \cos 3x$
 - b. $\cos 3x \sin x = \sqrt{3}(\cos x \sin 3x)$
 - $c. \sin^2 x 2\sin x \cos x = 3\cos^2 x$
 - d. $\sin 6x + 2 = 2\cos 4x$
 - e. $\cot x \tan x = \sin x + \cos x$
 - f. $\sin x \ge \pi/2$
 - g. $\sin x \le \cos x$