## Math 3 Homework 11

1 A triangle is a closed shape with three straight sides that meet at three vertices. It is a polygon. Review the classification of the triangles:

## Types of triangles:

By sides:
a) Scalene triangle - no equal angles and no equal sides
b) Isosceles triangle - 2 equal sides and 2 equal angles
c) Equilateral triangle - 3 equal sides and 3 equal angles

By angles: $\quad$ a) Right triangle- has a right angle
b) Obtuse triangle - has an angle that larger than a right angle
c) Acute triangle - all angles are smaller than a right angle

2 Determine what triangle it is by it's sides and by it's angles (USE THE RIGHT ANGLE TEMPLATE OR PROTRACTOR):

| Picture of a triangle | Type of the triangle |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |

3 Using a ruler and a protractor, draw the following shapes:
a) A shape with 3 line segments that is not a triangle.
b) A right isosceles triangle $\triangle \mathrm{ABC}$
c) an obtuse isosceles triangle $\triangle \mathrm{PQR}$

4
Compare expressions using <, >, =
$5 \times 6-5 \_5 \times 5+5$

$$
7 \times 6+7 \ldots 6 \times 7+6
$$

$48+20$ $\qquad$ $4 \times 5+50$
$24+32$ $\qquad$ $(32-24) \times 7$

While helping their mother to unload a dishwasher, Victoria put 5 plates on each of 3 shelves of the kitchen cabinet and Julia put 4 plates on the each of 3 shelves. How many plates did both of them put in the kitchen cabinet?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

6
Calculate:(write in the vertical form) (USE THE TUTORIAL FROM THE CLASSWORK11)
a) $18 \times 3=$
b) $77 \times 5=$
c) $64 \times 7=$

Find the greatest missing number so that an inequality will still be correct.
$6 \times$ $\qquad$ <45
$\qquad$ $\times 9<32$
$7 \times$ $\qquad$ <40-5
$27+8>6 \times$ $\qquad$
$8 \times$ $\qquad$ $<20+27$

8
Find the missing numbers to make an equality correct:
$15 \times 2=5 \times$ $\qquad$ $12 \times \ldots=$ $\qquad$ $\times 24$
$14 \times 4=8 \times$ $\qquad$
$15 \times 4=10 \times$ $\qquad$ $25 \times$ $\qquad$ $=10 \times 10$
$25 \times 3=5 \times$ $\qquad$

9 Find ONLY the last digit of the product: $45321 \times 423$ $\qquad$ $87325 \times 938162$ $\qquad$ $93824 \times 156832$ $\qquad$ $73815 \times 38915$ $\qquad$ $6783 \times 982713$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

A school has planted 12 trees along one side of the road from one end to the other. One tree was planted every 6 meters. How long is the road?

11 Solve the problems:
a) There are $a$ apples in a box. Each box of apples costs $\$ 5$.

What is the total price of 5 boxes? $\qquad$
How many apples are in 5 boxes? $\qquad$
b) James's mother bought 3 dresses. Each dress costs $\$ c$.

How much money did she spend for 3 dresses? $\qquad$
How much money she would spend for $n$ dresses? $\qquad$
c) Tom's dad bought 2 watermelons and 6 times as many apples. Each watermelon costs $\$ 4$ and each apple costs $\$ 2$.
If he had a $\$ 50$ bill, how much money did he have left after his purchase?
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
d) Kate wants to give candies to all her friends who come to the party.

She wants to put 5 candies in each bag. Each child gets two bags of candies.
How many candies will she need for 10 guests? $\qquad$
How many bags will she need for 10 guests? $\qquad$

12 Open parentheses and simplify the expressions:
$300-(a+b)=$ $\qquad$
$200-(a+2)+(b-100)=$ $\qquad$
$29-(5+b)=$ $\qquad$
$30-(5+a)+(a+15)=$ $\qquad$
$70-(b-a)=$ $\qquad$
$72-(2-k)-(c-d)=$ $\qquad$

Determine order of operation in each expression and calculate the values:
$\qquad$ $32-10+6-3=$ $\qquad$ $18+12-(8-6)=$
$32-(10+6)-3=$ $\qquad$
$18+(12-8)-6=$ $\qquad$ $32-10+(6-3)=$ $\qquad$

14 Try to trace every line in each diagram without lifting a pencil or tracing the same line twice. Is it possible to do for all of those five diagrams?


15 Write down an expression for each statement:

1) There were $m$ pencils in one box, and there are $k$ pencils in another box. How many pencils are in two boxes together? $\qquad$
2) There were $\boldsymbol{d}$ pencils in one box, and we took away $\boldsymbol{p}$ pencils from the box. How many pencils are in the box now? $\qquad$
3) There are $f$ pencils in one box and 5 less pencils in another box. How many pencils are in both boxes? $\qquad$
4) There were $\boldsymbol{n}$ pencils in one box and $\boldsymbol{t}$ pencils in another box.

We took away $\boldsymbol{b}$ pencils from the second box.
How many pencils are in both boxes now? $\qquad$

16 Solve equations and check you answers:
a) $(15+45)-x=25$
b) $x-(101-11)=110$

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Please complete the multiplication exercise.

1) Put the timer on for three minutes and solve as many as you can!
2) Take a color pencil or pen and complete the rest.
