1. Fill out the table below.

| Substance | Molecular mass (amu) | Molar mass M | Number of moles in <br> 100 g of the substance |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ | 18 amu | $18 \mathrm{~g} / \mathrm{mole}$ | 5.6 moles |
| CaO |  |  |  |
| C |  |  |  |
| Cu |  |  |  |
| Cl |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Cl}_{2}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ |  |  |  |
| CuO |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ |  |  |  |
| $\mathrm{CH}_{4}$ |  |  |  |

2. Write down chemical reaction of methane burning $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{4}\right.$ reaction with $\left.\mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$ with formation of carbon dioxide and water. Balance it and answer the following questions:
a. How many moles of carbon dioxide form from 1 mole methane?
b. How many grams of carbon dioxide form from 100 g of methane?
c. How many moles of oxygen are needed to burn 1 mole of methane?
d. How many grams of oxygen is needed to burn 100 g of methane?
e. How many liters of carbon dioxide form from 100 g of methane under normal conditions?
f. How many moles of water will form from 60 moles of methane?
g. How many grams of water will form from burning 60 g of methane?
h. How many grams of water will form from burning 22.4 liters of methane?
