

1 1 Hydrogen 1.008																18 2 He Helium 4.003	
2 Li Lithium 6.941	4 Be Beryllium 9.012											13 5 B Boron 10.811	6 Carbon 12.011	15 7 N Nitrogen 14.007	8 O Oxygen 15.999	17 9 F Fluorine 18.998	10 Ne Neon 20.180
3 Na Sodium 22.990	12 Mg Magnesium 24.305	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13 Aluminum 26.982	14 Si Silicon 28.086	15 P Phosphorus 30.974	16 S Sulfur 32.066	17 Cl Chlorine 35.453	18 Argon 39.948
4 K Potassium 39.098	20 Ca Calcium 40.078	21 SC Scandium 44.956	22 Ti Titanium 47.88	23 V Vanadium 50.942	24 Cr Chromium 51.996	25 Mn Manganese 54.938	26 Fe Iron 55.845	27 CO Cobalt 58.933	28 Ni Nickel 58.693	29 Cu Copper 63.546	30 Zn Zinc 65.38	31 Gallium 69.723	32 Ge Germanium 72.631	33 As Arsenic 74.922	34 Se Selenium 78.971	35 Br Bromine 79.904	36 Kr Krypton 83.798
5 Rb Rubidium 85.468	38 Sr Strontium 87.62	39 Y Yttrium 88.906	40 Zr Zirconium 91.224	41 Nb Niobium 92.906	42 Mo Molybdenum 95.95	43 TC Technetium 98.907	44 Ru Ruthenium 101.07	45 Rh Rhodium 102.906	46 Pd Palladium 106.42	47 Ag Silver 107.868	48 Cd Cadmium 112.414	49 In Indium 114.818	50 Sn Tin 118.711	51 Sb Antimony 121.760	52 Te Tellurium 127.6	53 Iodine 126.904	54 Xe Xenon 131.294
6 CS Cesium 132.905	56 Ba Barium 137.328	57-71	72 Hf Hafnium 178.49	73 Ta Tantalum 180.948	74 W Tungsten 183.85	75 Re Rhenium 186.207	76 OS Osmium 190.23	77 I Iridium 192.22	78 Pt Platinum 195.08	79 Au Gold 196.967	80 Hg Mercury 200.59	81 TI Thallium 204.383	82 Pb Lead 207.2	83 Bi Bismuth 208.980	84 PO Polonium [208.982]	85 At Astatine 209.987	86 Rn Radon 222.018
87 Franciúm 223.020	88 Ra Radium 226.025	89-103	104 Rf Rutherfordium [261]	105 Db Dubnium [262]	106 Sg Seaborgium [266]	107 Bh Bohrium [264]	108 HS Hassium [269]	109 Mt Meitnerium [278]	110 DS Darmstadtium [281]	111 Rg Roentgenium [280]	112 Cn Copernicium [285]	113 Nh Nihonium [286]	114 F Flerovium [289]	115 Mc Moscovium [289]	116 LV Livermorium [293]	117 TS Tennessine [294]	118 Og Oganesson [294]
57 La Lanthanum 138.905			a C	e F	dymium Neod	60 61 0 Prome .243 144.	m S thium Same	m E	u Gado			Dy Hol	IO E	ium Thu	m Y	b L	1 U tium .967
		Acti	39 9 C T nium Tho	o s h P rium Prota	Pa l Uran	2 9: J N nium Neptu .029 237.	B P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P P	u A	95 C	n E	97 Bk (kelium Cali	98 Cf E fornium Einst	99 1 ES F teinium Ferr	00 10 mium Mende	01 1 Id N elevium Nob	02 1 O L elium Lawre	03 . ľ ncium 52]
	Alkalin Metal Alkaline Earth Transition Metal Basic Metal Metalloid Nonmetal Halogen Noble Gas Lanthanide Actinide																



• Element # in Periodic table

Chemical symbol - O
Atomic mass - 16
Electron configuration - 1s²2s²2p⁴

- Valency of oxygen in its compounds is II
 - Most common oxidation state is (-2)
- Molecule of oxygen is O₂ with molecular weight 32
 g/mole

Oxygen in nature

 Oxygen is the most abandoned element in the Earth crust - in minerals and combined with other elements it makes up 47% of its mass

 In the atmosphere it is present at 21% by volume or at 23% by mass

Earth's hydrosphere contains 86-89% of oxygen by mass

Obtaining oxygen

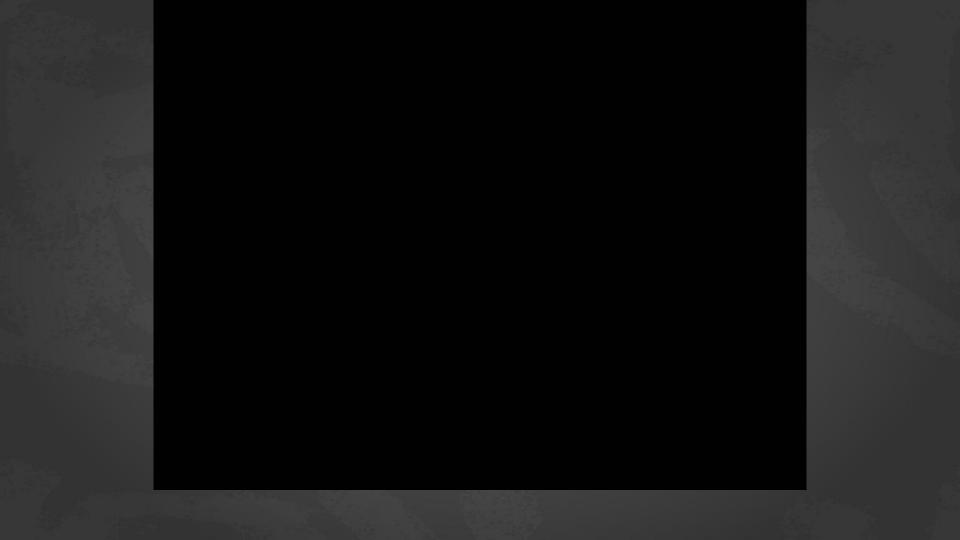
 In industry oxygen is produced from liquid air (high compression with heating up → expansion with strong cooling down → liquid air (liquid oxygen boils at (-183°C), liquid nitrogen boils at (-196°C)) → slow temperature increase to separate the gasses (distillation)

• In laboratory:

 $2KMnO_4 \rightarrow K_2MnO_4 + MnO_2 + O_2$ $2KClO_3 \rightarrow 2KCl + 3O_2$ $2KNO3 \rightarrow 2KNO2 + O2$

 $H_2O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O + O_2$

 $2Na_2O_2 + 2CO_2 \rightarrow 2Na_2CO_3 + O_2$



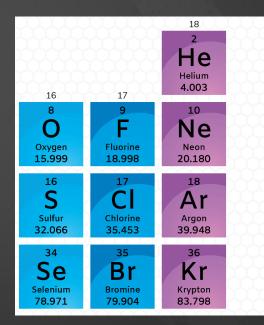
Oxygen properties

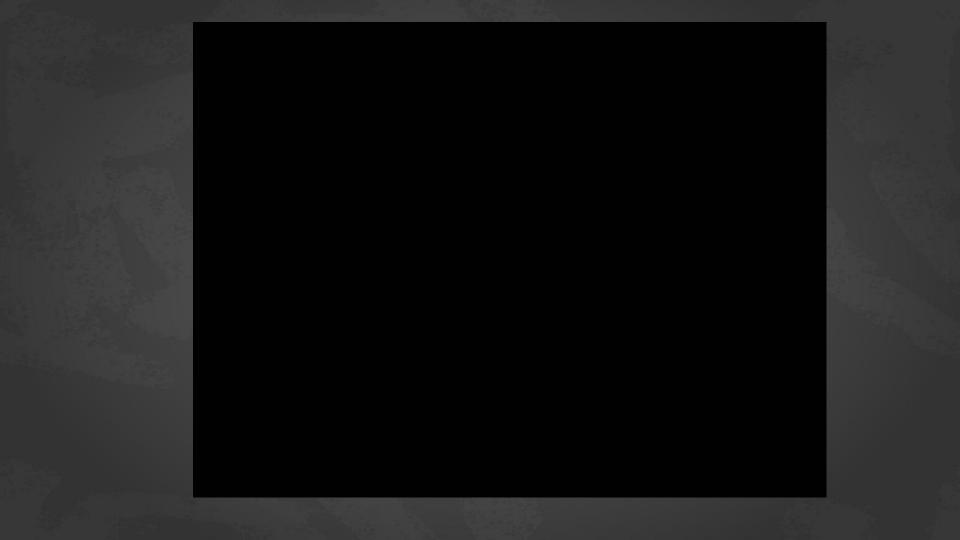
 $1s^{2}2s^{2}2p^{4}$

$S + O_2 \rightarrow O=S=O(SO_2)$

O O Ⅲ Ⅲ O=C| -O-C|=O Ⅲ Ⅲ O O

F-0-F





 $4P + 5O_2 = 2P_2O_5$



 $C + O_2 = CO_2$

This class uses the materials from the following books: Larry Gonick and Graig Criddle "The cartoon guide to chemistry" Manyuilov and Rodionov "Chemistry for children and adults" Kuzmenko, Eremin, Popkov "Beginnings of chemistry" <u>http://school-collection.edu.ru</u> (experiments)