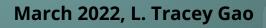
# Unit 3- Lesson 5

Chemistry 0





- 1. Accidents often result from:
  - A. an indifferent attitude
  - B. failure to follow instructions
  - C. making mistakes
  - D. failure to use common sense
  - E. all of the above



- 2. General guidelines for preventing accidents include:
  - A. never play tricks or indulge in horseplay in the chemical laboratory
  - B. follow all safety instructions carefully
  - C. become familiar with the hazards of the chemicals to be used
  - D. know where the safety equipment is
  - E. become familiar with the hazards of equipment to be used
  - F. all of the above



- 3. Cleaning glassware can be a safety issue
  - a) when using soap and water
  - b) when broken glassware is present
  - c) when using strong oxidants
  - d) always



- 4. Whose responsibility is it to be aware of chemical hazards?
  - a) the student, but only after being informed by a teacher
  - b) only the teacher
  - c) anyone involved in work in a laboratory



- 5. What does SDS stand for?
- a) Safety and Data Sheets
- b) Security and Data Sheets
- c) Safety and Density Sheets
- d) Safety and Dada Sheets



6. What do these symbols stand for?















#### • OBJECTIVES:

- Stimulate young people to achieve excellence in chemistry
- Encourage students learning in chemistry for their intellectual development
- Motivate students and inspire them to love STEM





You Be The Chemist Challenge® is a collaborative, multilevel student science competition that celebrates the science of chemistry and elevates STEM careers. 5th-8th grade students are eligible to compete in teams of four (4). All students must be from the same school/organization.

https://www.chemed.org/programs/challenge/



• Peter buys a bottle of milk and a bottle of honey as described in the table below. Which statement is true of the mass of the milk that Peter bought?

Drink Density Carton volume

Milk 1.0 kg/L 2.0 L

Honey 1.4 kg/L 1.0 L

A. It is two times the mass of the honey that he bought

B. It is 0.6 kg more than the mass of the honey that he bought

C. It is half the mass of the honey that he bought

D. It is 0.4 kg less than the mass of the honey that he bought



- Lotions are often stored in glass bottles to protect them from UV light. A cosmetic chemist is testing what color glass best protects a lotion. What should be his control group?
  - A. Lotion in a clear glass bottle
  - B. Lotion in a plastic bottle
  - C. Water in a clear glass bottle
  - D. Water in a plastic bottle





https://nationalsciencebee.com/

The National Science Bee now consists of Varsity, Junior Varsity, Middle School, and **Elementary School Divisions.** There are Regional Qualifying, Regional Finals and National Championships. science-themed, buzzer-based academic quiz competition for individual students from **Elementary School through High** School.



- Which element has atomic number 2 and is thus the second lightest element by atomic mass?
  - A) Iron
  - B) Helium
  - C) Uranium
  - D) Gold



- Which of these elements is a liquid at room temperature?
  - A) Mercury
  - B) Silver
  - C) Nitrogen
  - D) Carbon



- Different forms of the same element which differ in their number of neutrons are called what?
  - A) Ions
  - B) Isotopes
  - C) Protons
  - D) Quarks





https://science.osti.gov/wdts/nsb

National Science Bowl® (NSB) is a highly competitive science education and academic event among teams of high school and middle school students who compete in a fast-paced verbal forum to solve technical problems and answer questions in all branches of science and math. Each team is composed of four students, alternate student, and a coach. Regional and national events encourage student involvement in math and science activities of importance **Department of Energy and the Nation.** 



- What group of elements have a shiny luster and are good conductors of heat and electricity?
- Identify all of the following three statements that are true of matter:
  - 1) Atoms contain mostly empty space;
  - 2) All atoms must contain at least one neutron;
  - 3) Two atoms of the same element may contain different numbers of neutrons



- Which of the following explains the size of a chloride ion compared to that of a chlorine atom?
  - A) Chloride ion is smaller because it has fewer electrons
  - B) Chloride ion is smaller because it has more electrons
  - C) Chloride ion is larger because it has fewer electrons
  - D) Chloride ion is larger because it has more electrons



- Which of the following is a mixture?
  - A) Pure gold
  - B) Distilled water
  - C) Carbon dioxide
  - D) Air





Chem Lab Forensic Science

https://www.soinc.org/