1. Remove parenthesis:
$(x+3)(x+4)=$ $\qquad$
$(2 x+3) \cdot(x+1)=$ $\qquad$

$(3-x)(4 x-2)=$ $\qquad$


## Properties of Area:

## Area is a function defined for shapes

I. Congruent shapes have equal areas.


II. Any line has area zero.

IV. Area of a square with 1 cm sides is $1 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. (Any other unit may be used instead of cm)
2. The rectangle $A B C D$ on the drawing is split into two triangles:
a). Find area of rectangle ABCD.

III. The area of a union of two shapes whose intersection is a line equals the sum of the areas of these shapes.
b). Compare areas of $\triangle A B C$ and $\triangle A C D$
c). Find area of $\triangle A B C$

3. The area of the rectangle ABCD on the drawing is $\boldsymbol{x}$. Show that the area of the $\triangle D X C$ is $1 / 2 x$.

4. Show that the area of the $\triangle P W X$ on the drawing equals:
$S=1 / 2 y \cdot|P X|$

5. The heights of a scalene $\triangle A B C$ on the drawing are $\boldsymbol{x}$ and $\boldsymbol{y} ;|\boldsymbol{A C}|=\boldsymbol{b},|\boldsymbol{B C}|=\boldsymbol{a}$.

Show that $\boldsymbol{a} \boldsymbol{x}=\boldsymbol{b} \boldsymbol{y}$

6. Find the difference between the dark and light Grey areas

Hint: not sure what is the area of the overlap? Call it $\boldsymbol{x}$.
5 cm


