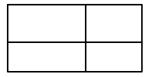
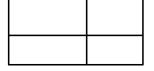
**1.** Remove parenthesis:

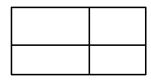
$$(x + 3) (x + 4) =$$



$$(2x+3) \cdot (x+1) =$$
\_\_\_\_\_



$$(3-x)(4x-2) =$$



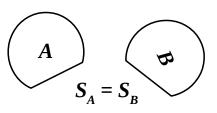
## **Properties of Area:**

## Area is a function defined for shapes

**I.** Congruent shapes have equal areas.





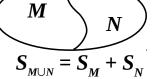


**III.** The area of a union of two shapes whose

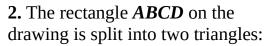
**II.** Any line has area zero.

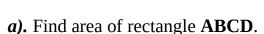
intersection is a line equals the sum of the areas of these shapes.

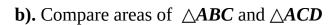


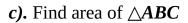


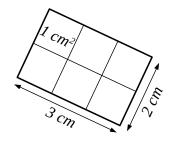
**IV.** Area of a square with 1 cm sides is 1 cm<sup>2</sup>. (*Any* other unit may be used instead of cm)

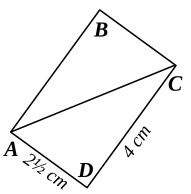




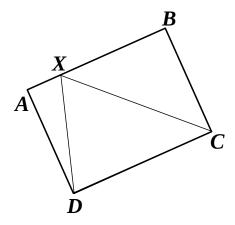






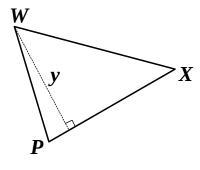


**3.** The area of the rectangle ABCD on the drawing is x. Show that the area of the  $\triangle DXC$  is  $\frac{1}{2}x$ .



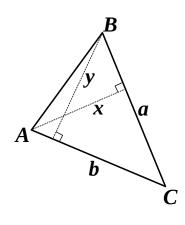
**4.** Show that the area of the  $\triangle PWX$  on the drawing equals:

$$S = \frac{1}{2} y \cdot |PX|$$



**5.** The heights of a scalene  $\triangle ABC$  on the drawing are x and y; |AC| = b, |BC| = a.

Show that ax = by



**6.** Find the difference between the dark and light Grey areas

**Hint:** not sure what is the area of the overlap? Call it x.

