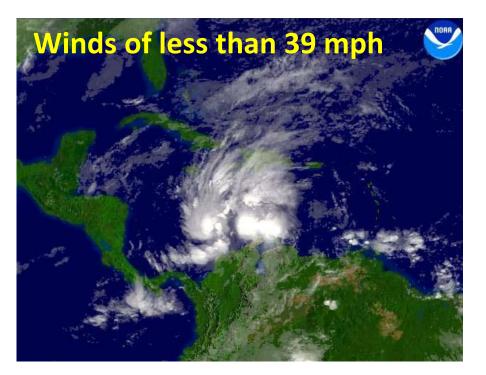
Measuring Hurricane Strength

Saffir-Simpson Hurricane Scale

Category	Wind speed (mph)	Storm surge (feet)			
5	156+	More than 18			
4	131–155	13–18			
3	111–130	9–12			
2	96–110	6–8			
1	74–95	4–5			
Additional classifications					
Tropical storm	39–73	0–3			
Tropical depression	0–38	0			

1. Tropical Depression (Wave)

2. Tropical Storm



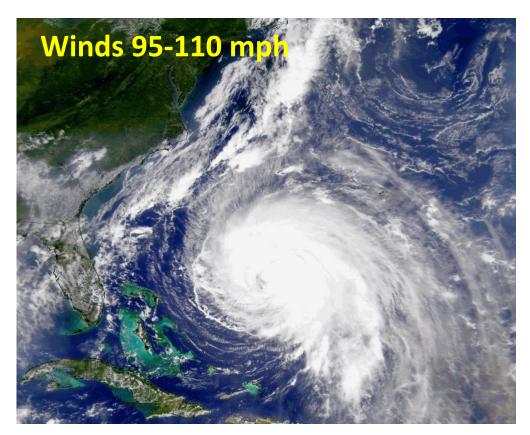
Lacks structure – no well developed feeder bands or eye. Not given a name yet.



Feeder bands are beginning to develop. Eye and eye wall still not well formed. In the Atlantic, storms are given a name at that stage.



3. <u>Category 1</u> Hurricane 4. <u>Category 2</u> Hurricane

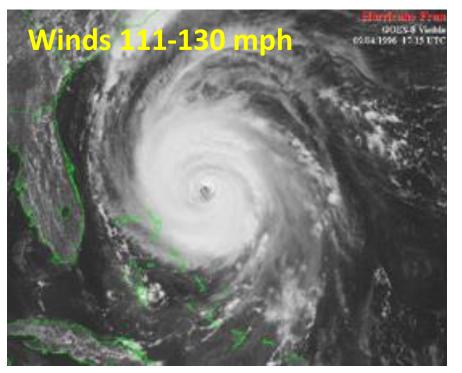


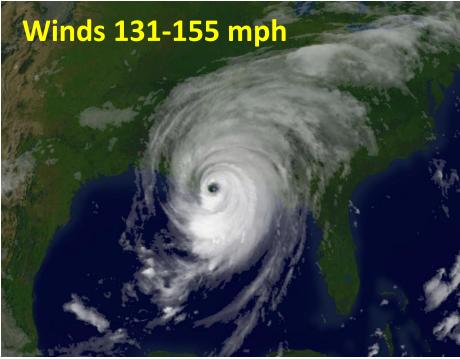
Well developed feeder bands. An eye begins to form.

An eye and eye wall are usually very well formed. Storm is tightening around center.

5. <u>Category 3</u> Hurricane

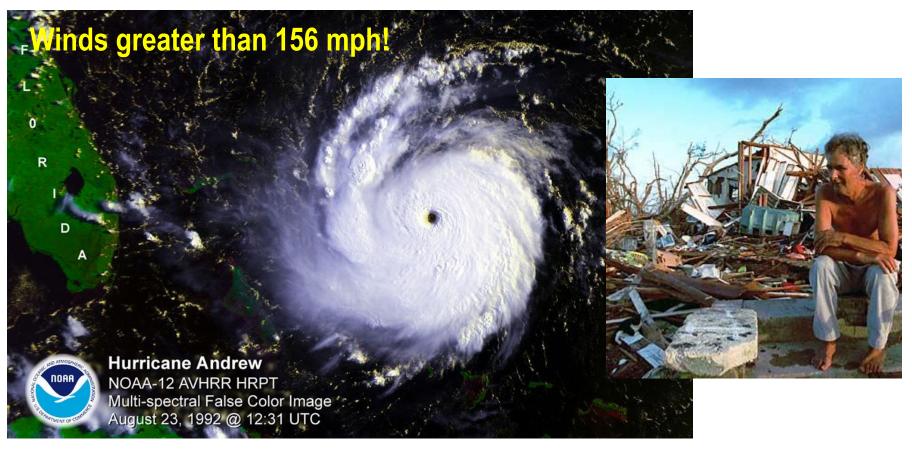
6. Category 4 Hurricane





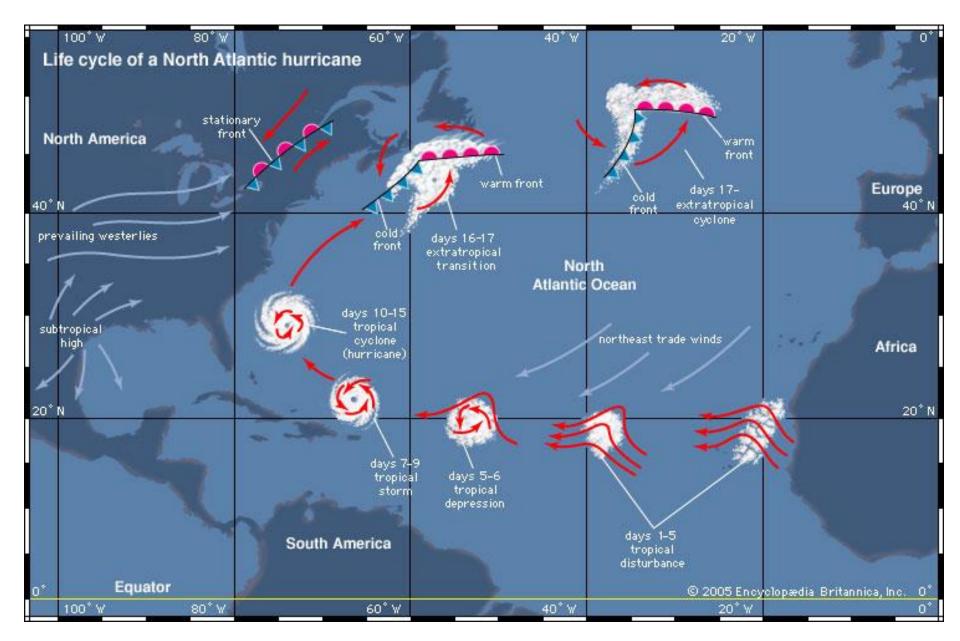
Now a "Major Storm". Intense flooding and building damage will occur to most areas on the coast. Further inland, the damage will still be substantial. All shrubs, signs and trees blown down. Extensive damage to doors and windows. Major damage to lower floors of structures near the coast due to storm surge.

Stage 7 – Category 5 Hurricane



Complete roof failure on many residential and industrial buildings. Some complete building failures. <u>Massive</u> <u>evacuation</u> of residential areas on low ground (5-10 miles).

North Atlantic Hurricane Lifecycle



SANDY 2012 vs IRENE 2011

WIND: 155kph

SIZE: approx 1,500km wide

<u>Extremely large</u> Post-Tropical Cyclone at landfall Storm Surge up to 4 m



WIND: 140kph

Category 1 Hurricane at landfall

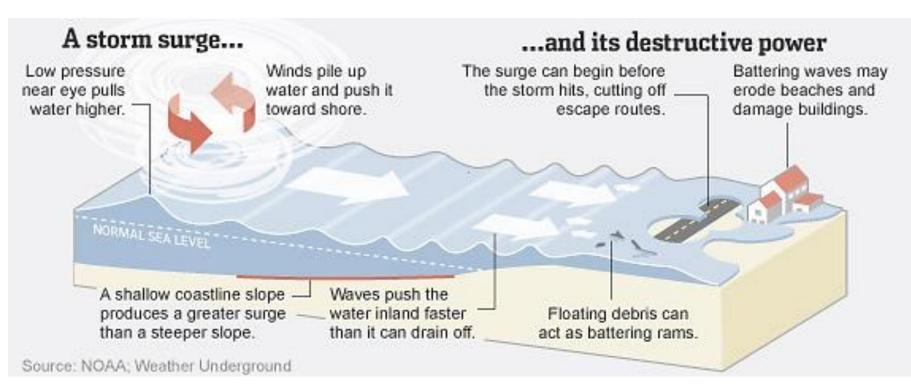
SIZE: 965km wide (max)

Storm Surge up to 1.5 m



What is Storm Surge?

<u>Storm surge</u> is an abnormal rise of water generated by a storm, over and above the predicted astronomical tides.



Important factors: storm intensity (wind speed) and size, forward speed, angle of approach to the coast, central pressure (minimal contribution in comparison to the wind), the coastline shape and bathymetry.

Hurricane Katrina, 2005

the **costliest** hurricane ever recorded in the Atlantic

Time frame: August 23-31Max intensity: Category 5Landfall: Category 3Damage: >100 billion USDDeaths: at least 1,833Max sustained
winds: 175 mph

(280 km/h) <u>Storm surge</u>: 25 to 28 feet



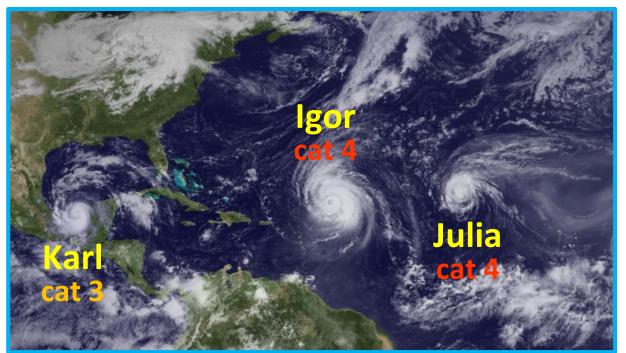
What are the five costliest hurricanes in the United States?

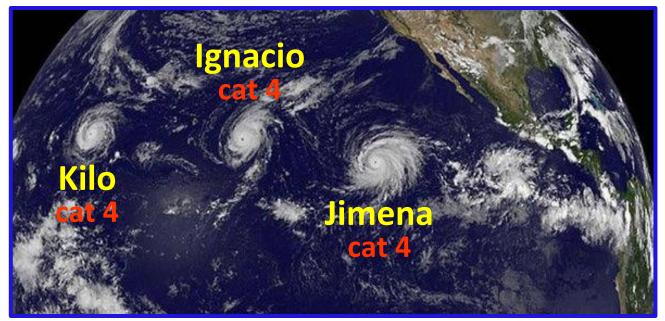
Rank:	Name:	Year:	Cat:	Damage (2015 USD):
1.	Katrina	2005	3*	\$125,000,000,000
2.	Sandy	2012	1*	\$71,400,000,000
3.	Andrew	1992	5	\$43,700,000,000
4.	Ike	2008	2	\$37,500,000,000
5.	Wilma	2005	3	\$25,400,000,000

*Katrina was cat 5 at its peak at sea; Sandy was cat 3.



North Atlantic Basin, 09/19/10





Pacific Basin, 08/31/15