## Rotational Motion

Angle (in radians): length of ark over radius

$$
\Delta \alpha=\frac{\Delta l_{a r c}}{R}
$$

Angular velocity:

$$
\varpi=\frac{\Delta \alpha}{\Delta t}
$$



It is related to regular (linear) speed of rotational motion as:

$$
v=\frac{\Delta l_{a r c}}{\Delta t}=\varpi R
$$

## Centripetal acceleration

When moving along a circular path of radius $R$, with constant speed $v$, an object has acceleration directed towards the center, called Centripetal Acceleration:

$$
a=\frac{v^{2}}{R}
$$



## Examples



## More Examples



## Homework

## Problem 1

A propeller of regional airplane ATR-72 spins at 1200 RPM (revolutions per minute).
a) Find the speed of propeller's tip with respect to the aircraft. Propeller radius is $\mathrm{R}=2 \mathrm{~m}$.
b) Find the total speed of the propeller's tip with respect to air, if the speed of the airplane is $v=500 \mathrm{~km} / \mathrm{hr}$. Pay attention to directions of rotational and translational motion!

## Problem 2

Friction coefficient between the cars wheels and the road is $\mu$. Find the maximum speed with which it can move on a curved road without slipping, if the radius of curvature of the road is $R$. If the friction coefficient changes from 0.7 to 0.35 due to rain, how much that speed changes?

