Today we discussed plotting graphs of some basic functions. We began with the graphs of standard functions:

Linear function: y = mx + b: The graph of this function is a straight line. The coefficient m is called the *slope*.



Parabola:  $y = x^2$ :



Inverse function: y = 1/x:



Having this basic graphs, we can produce new graphs, by doing certain transformations of the equations. Here are some of them; we will discuss more next time.

Vertical translations: Adding constant c to the right-hand side of equation shifts the graph by c units up (if c is positive; if c is negative, it shifts by |c| down.)



## Homework

1. For each of the equations below, draw the graph, then draw the perpendicular line (going through the point (0, 0)) and then write the equation of the perpendicular line

(a) 
$$y = 2x$$
 (b)  $y = 3x$   
(c)  $y = -x$  (d)  $y = -\frac{1}{2}x$ 

Can you determine the general rule: if the slope of a line is k, what is the slope of the perpendicular line?

2. Draw the graphs of the following functions:

(a) 
$$y = 2|x|$$

- (b) y = |x+1|
- **3.** (a) Sketch the graphs of functions y = |x + 1| and y = -x + 0.25.
  - (b) How many solutions do you think this equation has?

$$|x+1| = -x + 0.25$$

Note: you are not asked to find the solutions just answer how many are there.

4. Find the distance between the following pairs of points in the plane (hint: do you remember the Pythagorean theorem?)

(a) $(0,0)$ and $(1,1)$	(b) $(0,0)$ and $(3,4)$
(c) $(0,0)$ and $(-1,2)$	(d) $(2,2)$ and $(0,6)$

- **5.** Find the equation of the line through (1, 1) with slope 2.
- **6.** Find the equation of the line through points (1,1) and (3,7). [Hint: what is the slope?]
- 7. Sketch graphs of the following functions:

(a) 
$$y = (x-1)^2 + 1$$
 (b)  $y = \frac{1}{x+2} + 1$  (c)  $y = \frac{1}{2-x}$   
(d)  $y = |x|$  (e)  $y = |x+1|$  (f)  $y = \frac{x+2}{x+1}$   
(g)  $y = |x+1| + |x-1|$  (h)  $y = \left|\frac{1}{x-1} + 1\right|$