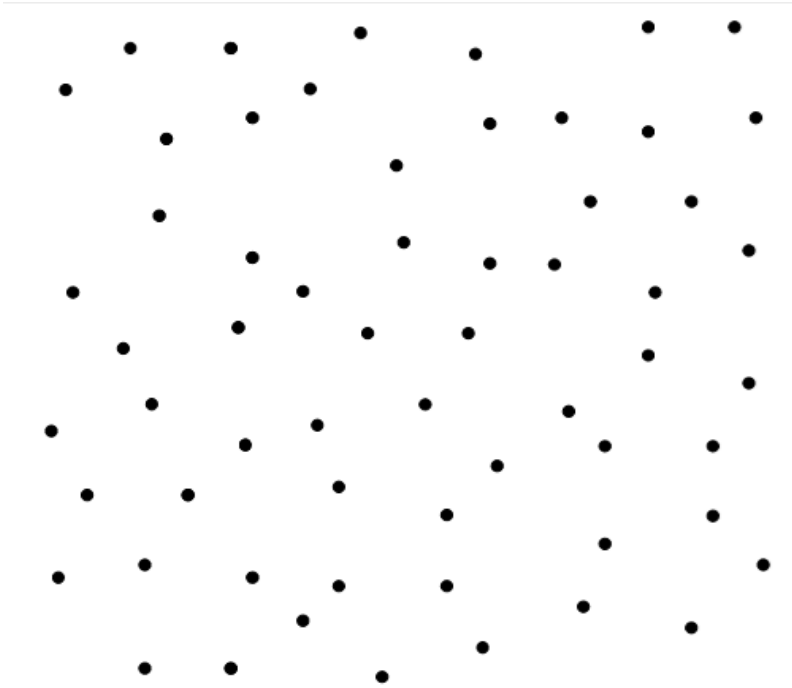


NEW MATERIAL

1. Count points



of points: _____

2.

Now try to divide these points into groups of 5 before counting them:

How many groups of 5 did you count? _____

How can we count them now?

By adding: _____

By skip counting _____

Does grouping make it easier to count? _____

Multiplication is a mathematical operation where a number is added to itself a number of times. When we count point by grouping we multiply them. To express multiplication we write: $5 \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

3. Calculate:

$3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, therefore $3 \times 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$7 + 7 + 7 + 7 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, therefore $7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, therefore $4 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

$8 + 8 + 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$, therefore $8 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4.

$4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 + 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$\underbrace{4 + 4 + \dots + 4}_{16 \text{ times}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$a + a + a + a + a + a = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

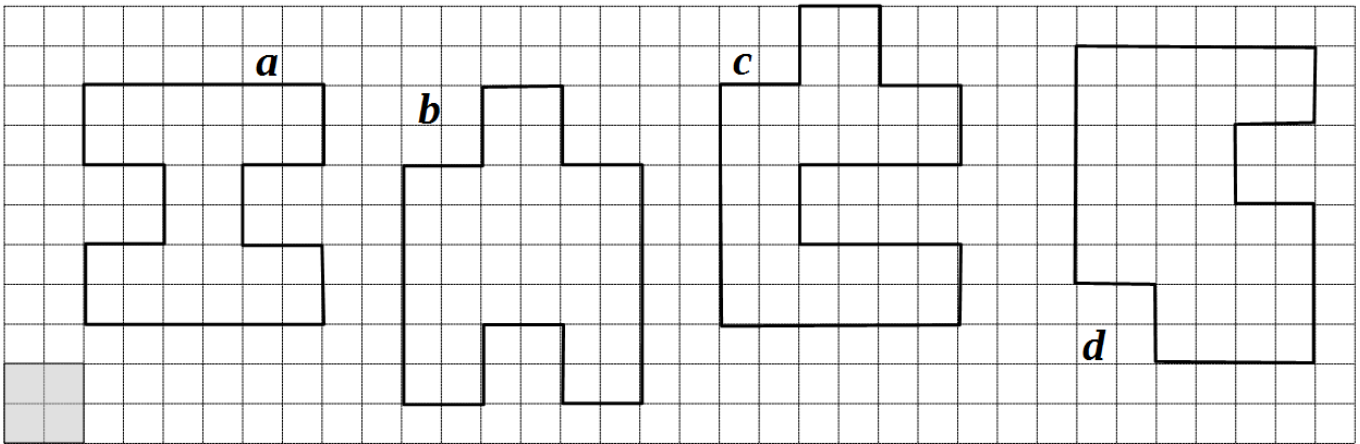
$\underbrace{a + a + \dots + a}_{12 \text{ times}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$\underbrace{4 + 4 + 4 \dots + 4 + 4}_{b \text{ times}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

$\underbrace{a + a + \dots + a}_{z \text{ times}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

5.

What would be the best strategy to count cells in each of the shapes below?



Write your answer below:

REVIEW

Remove parenthesis:

6. a) $a + b - (c + d) =$ _____
b) $(a - b) + (c - d) =$ _____
c) $a - b - (c - d - e) =$ _____

7.

Calculate using the properties of addition:

$$(37 + 92) + 8 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$15 + 38 + 22 + 25 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$(34 + 22) + (16 + 8) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

8.

Calculate:

$$10 \times 10 =$$

$$10 \times 10 \times 10 =$$

$$1 \times 1 \times 1 =$$

6.

There are N pencils in the red box and M pencils in the white box. Masha took a pencils from the red box. Monty took b pencils from the white box.

a) $N + M$ _____

b) $N - a$ _____

c) $M - b$ _____

d) $a + b$ _____

Revisiting two – dimensional geometric shapes

Triangle: 3 points (vertices) connected by 3 line segments

Quadrilateral: 4 vertices, connected by 4 segments

Pentagon (5 vertices), **Hexagon** (6 vertices), and so on.

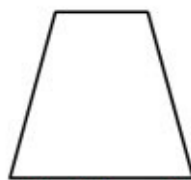
All of them are special cases of a **polygon**: a figure consisting of some number of points (**vertices**), connected with line segments to form a closed figure.

These line segments are called the **sides** of the polygon.

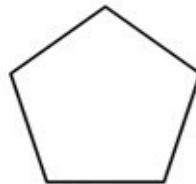
Different types of polygon:



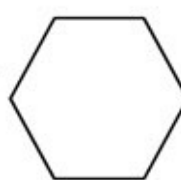
Triangle
No. of Sides: 3



Quadrilateral
No. of Sides: 4



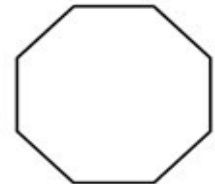
Pentagon
No. of Sides: 5



Hexagon
No. of Sides: 6



Heptagon
No. of Sides: 7



Octagon
No. of Sides: 8



Polygon

(All sides are straight)



NOT a Polygon

(One or more sides are curved)



NOT a Polygon

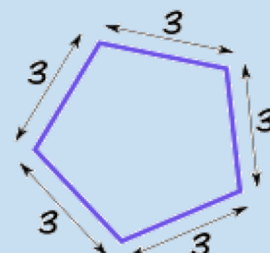
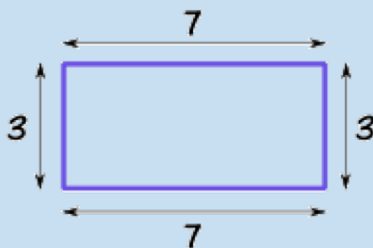
(Open, not closed)

A Perimeter of a polygon is the sum of lengths of its sides.

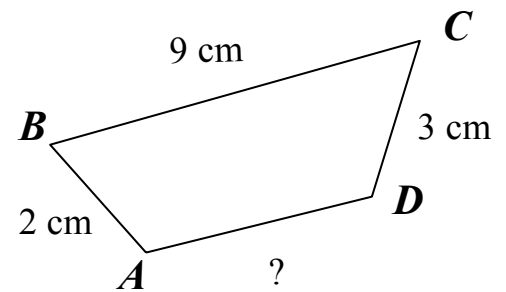
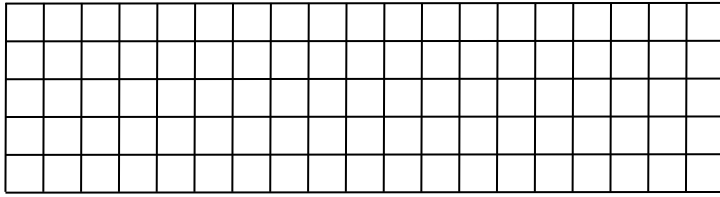
L = length, **W** = width, and **P** = perimeter

The perimeter of this **rectangle** is $7+3+7+3 = 20$

The perimeter of this regular **pentagon** is $3+3+3+3+3 = 5 \times 3 = 15$



7. The perimeter of the quadrilateral $ABCD$ equals 19 cm. What is the length of the side AD ?



8. Sallie computes the perimeter of a rectangle by adding the length l , and width w , and then doubling this sum.

Eric computes the perimeter of a rectangle by doubling the length l , doubling the width w , and then adding the doubled amounts.

- Write an expression for Sallie's way of calculating the perimeter. Write an expression for Eric's way as well.
- Use both of the expressions to find the perimeter of a rectangle with length 30 and width 75.
- Explain why Sallie and Eric always get the same answer, no matter what the length and width of the rectangle are.

Challenge yourself

9. Solve each word problem:

1. A line segment was split into 8 parts. Each part was further split into 5 sections. How many sections was the segment split into?

2. A watermelon can be balanced on a scale by x apples. An apple can be balanced by q strawberries. How many strawberries are needed to balance a watermelon?
