## Homework for Lesson № 21

1 Make appropriate drawings AND write expressions to solve the word problems.
A. 5 cans of juice cost $\boldsymbol{x}$ dollars. How much do 7 cans cost?

B. $\boldsymbol{w}$ cans of juice cost $\boldsymbol{x}$ dollars. How much do 7 cans cost?

w cans $\rightarrow$
C. 5 cans of juice cost $\boldsymbol{x}$ dollars. How many cans can FT buy if he has $\$ 60$ ?

D. $\boldsymbol{w}$ cans of juice cost $\boldsymbol{x}$ dollars. How many cans can FT buy if he has $\boldsymbol{y}$ dollars?


2 Do in your notebook and copy your answers here:
a). Calculate:

$$
3321 \div 9=
$$

$\qquad$ $15 \times 78=$ $\qquad$

$$
13 \times 49=
$$

$$
80 \div 2-3+1=
$$

$$
12 \div 3+4-24 \div 3 \times 8=
$$

$\qquad$
b). Determine the order of operation in the "left side" expressions AND make all necessary drawings when solving these equations:
$12 \times(x-32)=96$
$3 x+40=67$
$2500:(25-x)=500$
$x=$ $\qquad$
$x=$ $\qquad$
$x=$ $\qquad$

3 Write each of these numbers in ancient Egyptian symbols:

2,003,251

200, 503

| Number | Symbol | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1 | 1, 321, 683 |  |
| 10 | $\cap$ | Hertical stroke |
| 100 | O | Scroll bone |
| 1000 | $६$ | Lotus flower |
| 10,000 | 6 | Pointing finger |
| 100,000 | $\gamma$ | Fish |
| $1,000,000$ | $\curvearrowleft$ | Kneeling person |

## 4

A. Complete the drawing to find and which rectangle has a larger area and how much larger.
$\boldsymbol{A} \boldsymbol{B}=12 \mathrm{~cm} ; \boldsymbol{B C}=9 \mathrm{~cm} ; \boldsymbol{S} \boldsymbol{R}=14 \mathrm{~cm} ; \boldsymbol{P S}=7 \mathrm{~cm}$.

B. The shape on the drawing is made of a rectangle and a square. Find its area.
$\mathrm{S}=$ $\qquad$
C. The shape on the drawing is made of two rectangles. Find its area.
$S=$ $\qquad$


## 5

A. Write a rule to describe the motions. Plot appropriate arrow on each drawing.

B. Plot the shapes in their new positions after moving according to the descriptions:

| $\boldsymbol{A}(-2,3) ; \boldsymbol{B}(-1,-4) ; \boldsymbol{C}(1,-1)$ |
| :--- |
| Move: 3 units $\rightarrow, 3$ units $\downarrow$ |

$\boldsymbol{A}(0,2) ; \boldsymbol{B}(2,-4) ; \boldsymbol{C}(0,-2) ; \boldsymbol{D}(-1,0)$
Move: 2 units $\leftarrow, 2$ unit $\uparrow$
$\boldsymbol{A}(0,1) ; \boldsymbol{B}(3,-3) ; \boldsymbol{C}(-1,-2)$
Move: see blue arrow

C. Analyze the motion of the red shape turning into a green shape. Plot an appropriate arrow. Repeat the same motion to turn the green shape into the third shape (blue).

A. Use a green pencil to plot the following points in the provided coordinates:
$\boldsymbol{A}(1,-1) \quad \boldsymbol{B}(3 ; 4) \quad \boldsymbol{C}(-1,3)$
$\boldsymbol{D}(-6,1) \quad \boldsymbol{E}(-4,-2) \quad \boldsymbol{F}(-3,4)$
$\boldsymbol{G}(4,-1) \quad \boldsymbol{H}(-5,3) \quad \boldsymbol{I}(2,-1)$
B. Label on the drawing write down the coordinates beside the labeled points.

$7 \quad \boldsymbol{Q}$ is a set of numbers. Complete the sentences to make correct statements about these numbers.

$$
\boldsymbol{Q}=\{1003,146,9,831,20,34,11\}
$$

Some of these numbers $\qquad$
None of these numbers is $\qquad$
At least one of these numbers is $\qquad$
More than one of these numbers is $\qquad$
At least one of these numbers is not $\qquad$

Do the arithmetics with "magic numbers" that are plotted on the "magic number line"

## $\Delta \quad \Theta \quad \Lambda \quad \Sigma \quad \Omega \quad \Pi$

$\Lambda-(-1)=$
$\Lambda+(-2)=$
$\Sigma+$ $\qquad$ $=\Delta$
$\Pi^{+}=\Lambda$
$\Lambda$ -
$=\Pi$
$\Sigma-\Theta$ $=$
$\Theta-(-3)=$
$\Pi^{+}=\Sigma$
$\Delta+4=$

## 8 Calculate:

| $(-1)+7=$ | $(-1)+(-7)=$ | $(-1)-7=$ | $(-1)-(-7)=$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $1+7=$ | $1+(-7)=$ | $1-7=$ | $1-(-7)=$ |
| $(-5)+3=$ | $(-5)+(-3)=$ | $(-5)-3=$ | $(-5)-(-3)=$ |
| $5+3=$ | $5+(-3)=$ | $5-3=$ | $5-(-3)=$ |

9 Solve the puzzles:

| 3 | $\times$ |  | $\times$ | 4 | $=$ | 84 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  |  |
|  | $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  | $=$ | 45 |
| $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  |  |
| 6 | $\times$ |  | $\times$ | 2 | $=$ | 96 |
| II |  | II |  | \\| |  |  |
| 90 |  | 56 |  | 72 |  |  |


|  | $\times$ | 1 | $\times$ |  | $=$ | 56 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  |  |
| 2 | $\times$ |  | $\times$ | 4 | $=$ | 72 |
| $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  | $\times$ |  |  |
| 6 | $\times$ | 5 | $\times$ | 2 | $=$ | 90 |
| \\| |  | II |  | \|| |  |  |
| 96 |  | 45 |  | 84 |  |  |

10 Solve the equations and check your answers. Use rectangles for help.


## 11 Calculate:

$\begin{array}{lll}\frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{2}=\frac{1}{3} \times \square= & \frac{1}{4}: \frac{1}{3}=\frac{1}{4} \times \square= & \frac{1}{8}: \frac{1}{3}=\frac{1}{8} \times \square= \\ \frac{1}{2}: \frac{1}{5}=\frac{1}{2} \times \square= & \frac{1}{6}: \frac{1}{7}=\frac{1}{6} \times \square= & \frac{1}{7}: \frac{1}{9}=\frac{1}{7} \times \square=\end{array}$

$$
\frac{1}{11}: \frac{1}{4}=\quad \frac{1}{4}: \frac{1}{5}=\quad \frac{1}{6}: \frac{1}{5}=\quad \frac{1}{8}: \frac{1}{5}=
$$

$$
\frac{1}{3}: \frac{1}{7}=
$$

$$
\frac{1}{12}: \frac{1}{5}=
$$

$$
\frac{1}{11}: \frac{1}{6}=
$$

$$
\frac{1}{2}: \frac{1}{9}=
$$

$1-\frac{1}{2}=$
$1-\frac{1}{3}=$
$1-\frac{1}{4}=$
$2-\frac{1}{2}=$

12 Solve the word problems:
A. Foxy tail took 2 kg of cheese from the cheese factory. He decided to package this cheese into bags by putting $1 / 4 \mathrm{~kg}$ of cheese into each bag. How many bags does he need to package the cheese?
B. Greedy Rat found one of the $1 / 4 \mathrm{~kg}$ bags of cheese left by foxy tail and ate half of the cheese from this bag. How much cheese did he eat?
C. Three quarters of the 2 kg of cheese taken by Foxy tail went bad. How much cheese remained well?


2 kg

