# Math 3 Classwork 16

# Warm Up

1

a) Insert brackets to the following number sentences to make the equality correct.

$$5 \times 154 + 46 = 1000$$

b) Compare:

$$28 + b _{2} 28 + (b + 1)$$

$$32 + 1$$
  $32 + (1 + 2)$ 

$$43 - (c + 4) \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 43 - c$$

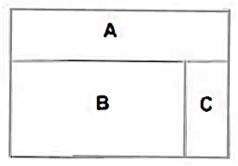
$$28+b _{--} 28 + (b-1)$$

$$32 - x_{\underline{\hspace{1cm}}} 32 - (x - 2)$$

$$58 - (p - 6) _ 58 - p$$

2

How many rectangles are there in the picture? List them all:



3

Rank the children of the age line:

- •Angie is older than Arthur
- •Bob is younger than Katie
- •Carl is the oldest
- •Arthur is older than Katie

# Young

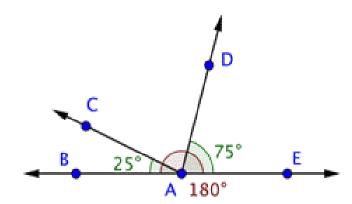
Old

### **Homework Review**

4

Below is a drawing of a straight angle  $\angle BAE$  (remember that a straight angle is always 180°). The angle  $\angle DAE$  equals 75° and the angle  $\angle BAC = 25$ °.

- a) Find an angle  $\angle CAD = \_$
- b) Find an angle  $\angle BAD = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
- a) Find an angle  $\angle CAE =$



5

Calculate:

$$6 \times 6 \div 6 =$$

$$7 \div 1 \times 7 =$$

$$30 \div 30 \times 30 =$$

# **New Material I**

### Multiplication and division are inverse operations.

It means that if we take a number and multiply it by another number and then divide the result by the same number, we will end up with our initial number.

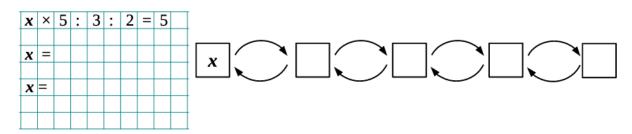
$$11 \times 2 \div 2 = 11$$

$$34 \times 9 \div 9 = 34$$

$$52 \div 26 \times 26 = 52$$

Analyze the operations and undo them to solve the equation:

6



How to solve equations with division.

To solve for x the following equation: 5x = 25, we have to "undo" multiplying by 5. So, we have to divide BOTH part of equation (this is an equation, remember?) by 5.

$$5x \div 5 = 25 \div 5$$

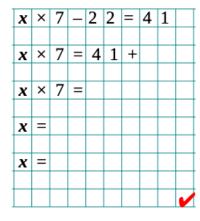
$$x = 5$$

Let's check our work (always do it!):  $5 \times x = 25$ , using the solution we found, we write:

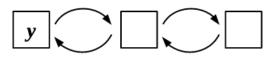
 $5 \times 5 = 25$  or 25 = 25! Our solution is correct.

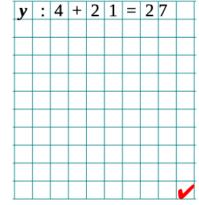
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Solve the equations (use drawings):









8

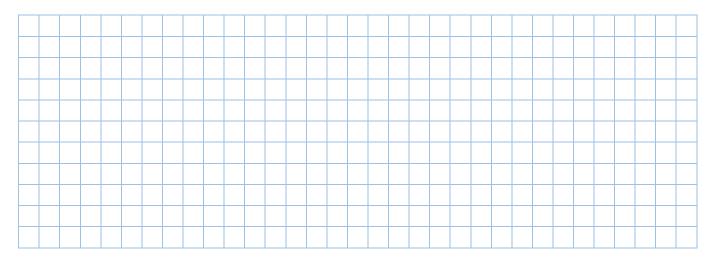
Solve for x and check your answer:



b) 
$$x \div 20 = 2$$

c) 
$$x \times 12 = 48$$





9

Children were making bracelets. To make 4 bracelets, they need 80 beads, the same number for each bracelet. How many beads do they need to make 5 bracelets?

10

- a) Julia and Victoria had 24 candies and they decided to equally divide all candies between two of them. How many candies did each girl get? \_\_\_\_\_
- b) Then Jonathan came and asked girls to share their candies with him as well. Girls decided to share all 24 candies equally between 3 of them. Is it possible? How many candies will each child get? \_\_\_\_\_\_
- c) Then Eli joined them and asked to give him some candies as well. Girls were very kind and decided to share all 24 candies equally between 4 of them. Is it possible? How many candies will each child get? \_\_\_\_\_
- d) And then Steven and Milan came and ... asked for candies! Now girls have to share their 24 candies with 6 children. Is it possible? How many candies will each child get?

11

Mark the order of operations and calculate:

$$1$$
  $2$ 

$$24:6 \times 2 =$$
\_\_\_\_

$$8 \times 3 + 5 \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$43 + 20 - 5 =$$

$$(18 + 3) : 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$36:(13-4)=$$

# **REVIEW I**

Calculate using correct units: 12

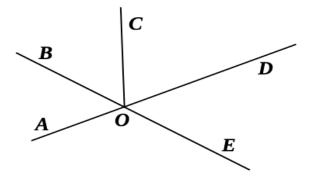
 $1 \text{ kg} \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 1 \text{ m} \times 7 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} 1 \text{ egg} \times 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

3 *l* × 3 = \_\_\_\_\_

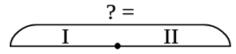
 $1 \sec \times 6 =$   $10 \text{ mg} \times 3 =$ 

Find all pairs of supplementary angles on the drawing. Measure these angles with a protractor. 13 Write down your results. Make sure supplementary angles add up to 180°.

If  $\angle AOB = 50^{\circ}$  then  $\angle BOD = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 



14 Choose the correct sketch for each problem, use them and write the expressions:



a) There are 5 eggs in a basket. There are b eggs in another basket. How many eggs are in both baskets?



b) There are 5 eggs in each of b baskets. How many eggs are in all these baskets?



### **REVIEW II**

#### **Quadrilateral**

A Quadrilateral has four-sides, it is 2-dimensional (a flat shape), closed (the lines join up), and has straight sides.

#### A quadrilateral that has 2 parallel sides is called trapezoid.

What is the difference between the trapezoid II and the quadrilaterals III, IV, V, and VI? How many parallel sides do these quadrilaterals have?

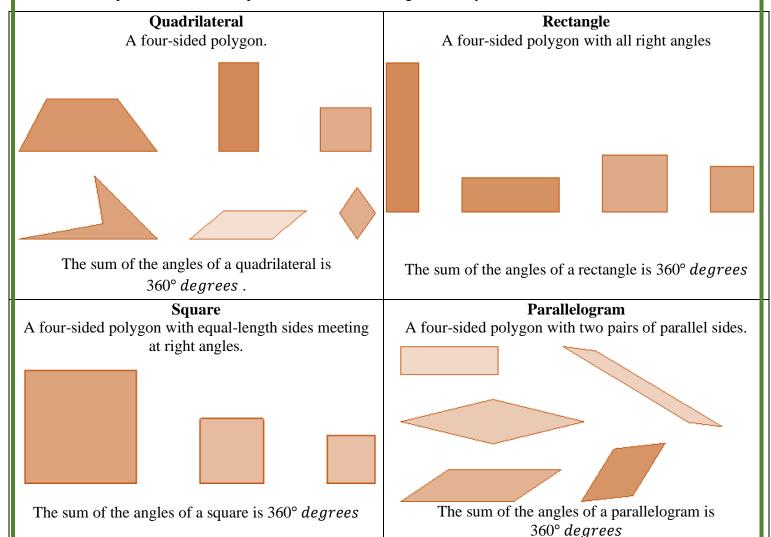
#### A quadrilateral that is formed by 2 pairs of the parallel sides is called a parallelogram.

Examine the picture below. What is the difference between the quadrilateral IV and the parallelogram III? How are the sides related to each other?

#### A parallelogram with 4 equal sides is called rhombus.

Is there a parallelogram that has only 3 equal sides? Why, or why not?

Examine the picture below. What is the difference between the quadrilaterals V and VI and the other quadrilaterals on the picture? What kind of angles do they have?

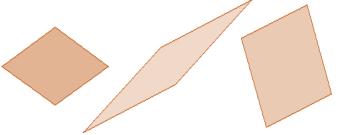


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Division and multiplication. Equations with division.

#### **Rhombus**

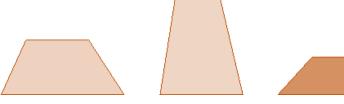
A four-sided polygon with all four sides of equal length



The sum of the angles of a rhombus is 360° degrees

#### Trapezoid

A four-sided polygon with an exactly one pair of parallel sides. The two sides that are parallel are called the bases of the trapezoid.



The sum of the angles of a trapezoid is 360° degrees

What shape am I?

- a) four sides; all sides equal; four right angles \_\_\_\_\_
- b) four sides; opposite sides equal; four right angles \_\_\_\_\_
- c) four sides; opposite sides parallel; no right angles \_\_\_\_\_
- d) four sides; exactly two sides parallel \_\_\_\_\_
- e) four sides; opposite sides equal; no sides perpendicular \_\_\_\_\_
- f) four sides; opposite sides parallel; adjacent sides perpendicular
- g) four sides; all sides equal; no sides perpendicular \_\_\_\_\_
- h) four sides; no sides parallel; no sides perpendicular \_\_\_\_\_

# **Challenge Yourself**

16

Solve each word problem:

a) A line segment was split into 8 parts. Each part was further split into 5 sections. How many sections was the segment split into?



b) A watermelon can be balanced on a scale by x apples. An apple can be balanced by q strawberries. How many strawberries are needed to balance a watermelon?