## Homework \#11 Lists. Sets. Tuples. Dictionaries. Introduction

## Tasks:

1. Create an empty list A. Use for loop and range to append to $A$ all even numbers from 30 to 10 (included), for example, 30, 28, 26, and so on. Create an empty list B. Append to B all even numbers from 40 to 20 (included).
2. Create an empty list $C$. Write code that finds the numbers present in both $A$ and $B$ and append those numbers to $C$. Then create an empty list D. Write code that finds all unique numbers in $A$ and $B$ and append those numbers to $D$ (that is, there should be no duplicates). Do NOT use Python sets to complete this task.
3. Create a set setA which contains all elements of A. Create a set setB which contains all elements of B. Create a setC that contains common elements in A and B, or "intersection". For this task, do NOT use the previously created list C. Instead, use Python set intersection method which has the following format: x.intersection(y) -- finds intersection of $x$ and $y$. Check if $C$ and setC have the same elements (in no particular order).
4. Create a setD that contains all elements in A and B excluding duplicates. For this task, use Python set union method which has the following format: $x$.union(y) -- finds union of $x$ and $y$. Write code that verifies if $D$ and setD have the same elements (again, the order does not matter).
5. Can you solve Task 4 using x.update(y) method. Explore what this method does using setA and setB. What is the difference between x.union(y) and x.update(y). How can you use x.update(y) method to create setD that contains all elements of setA and setB, while preserving the original sets.
