THE HYDROSPHERE



Water, the most exciting substance on Earth

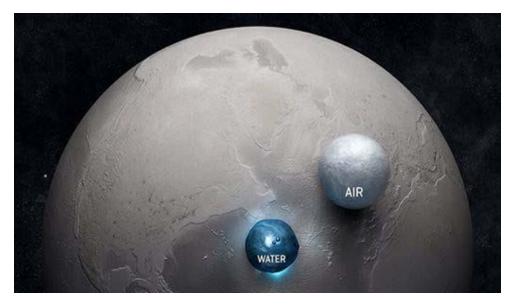
 Water is the only substance that <u>naturally exists</u> as solid and liquid and gas.



- Water is the substance that is necessary for any form of life as we know it.
- The <u>Earth's liquid water</u> constitutes the hydrosphere.

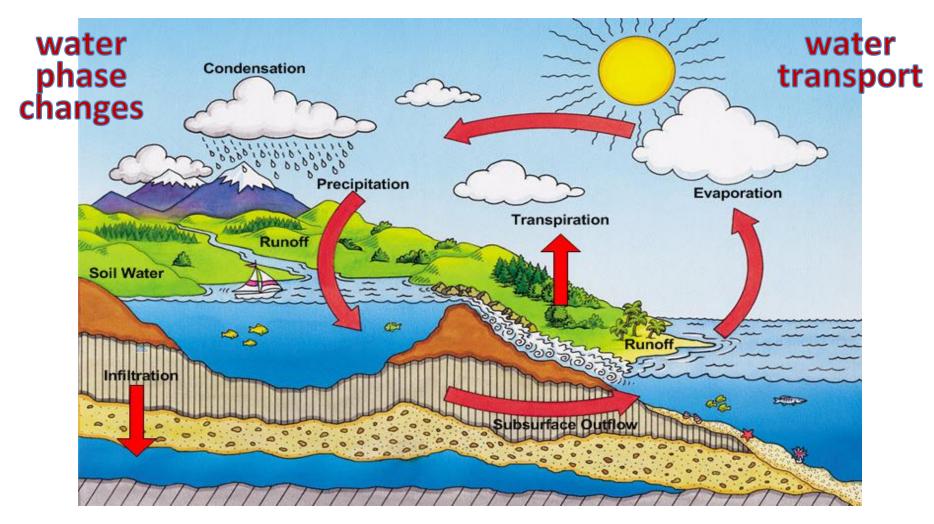
Water on Earth

- <u>Total amount</u> of water on Earth is ~1,386,000,000
 <u>cubic kilometers</u> (km³) or about 366,000,000 trillion gallons (which is NOT a lot...think *apple skin* ⁽¹⁾).
- <u>Liquid water</u> covers 71% of the Earth's surface.



- Water is a Heat Storage: specific heat of water is 5-fold higher than that of stone or sand; sunlight penetrates deep into the water but only the surface of stone, clay, or sand.
- Water is constantly moving on, above and below the surface of the Earth through the hydrologic (water) cycle which involves water transport and phase changes by the following physical processes: evaporation, transpiration, condensation, precipitation, surface runoff, and infiltration.

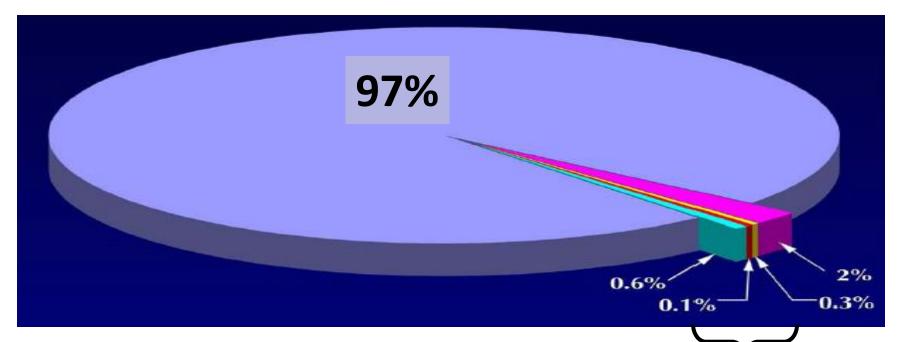
The Hydrologic (Water) Cycle



The water cycle is driven by the Sun and involves the exchange of energy in the form of heat.

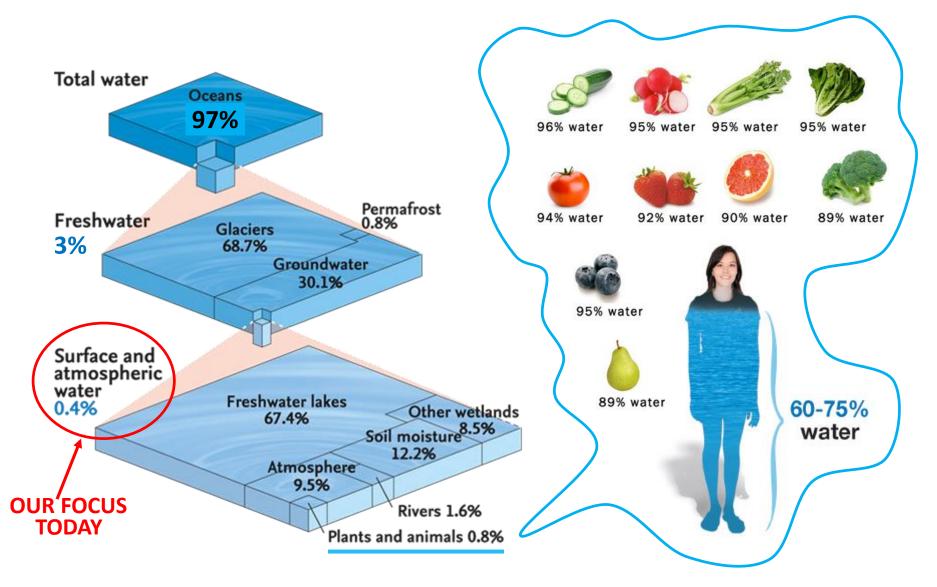
Distribution of Water on Earth

• <u>97%</u> of water on Earth is <u>salt water</u>: <u>oceans</u> and <u>seas</u>.



- <u>3%</u> of water on Earth is <u>fresh water</u>:
 - ice and snow (glaciers and polar caps)
 - groundwater (aquifers)
 - Clouds and water vapor (atmospheric water)
 - rivers and lakes
 - Iiving beings ③

Where is my Water? Freshwater Distribution on Earth



Surface Freshwater: Lakes

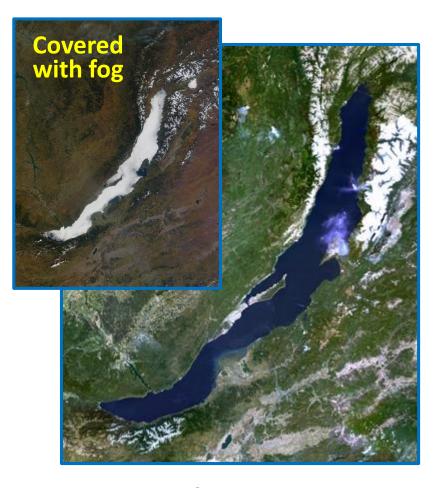
<u>Lake</u> is a body of water of considerable size contained on a body of land. The *largest enclosed inland body of water* on Earth by area is the Caspian Sea (surface area of 371,000 km²/ 143,200 sq mi and a volume of 78,200 km³/ 18,800 cu mi). Is it a lake or a sea?..



- The Caspian Sea was once a part of the Thetis Ocean.
- It became landlocked~5.5 million years ago.
- The Caspian Sea has low average salinity (about a third of the salinity of most seawater).
- Its shallow northern part is almost completely freshwater due to the current inflow of Volga and Ural rivers.

Greatest Lakes

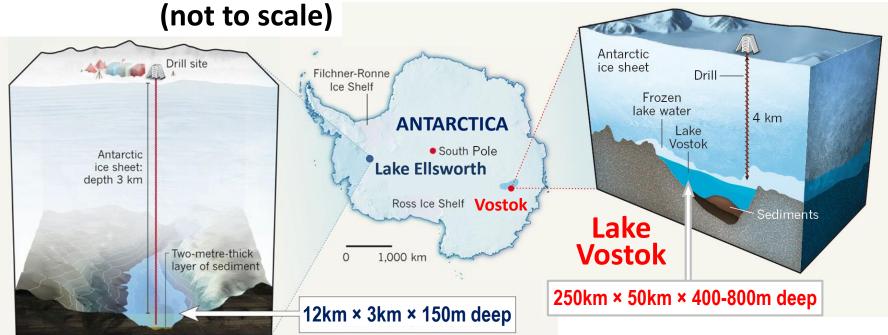




<u>#1 in size</u>: Lake Superior, Canada/USA, One of the Great Lakes area: 82,414 km² (31,820 sq mi) depth: 406 m (1,332 feet) volume: 12,100 km³ (2,900 cu mi) #1 in depth/fresh water volume: Baikal, Russia area: 31500 km² (12200 sq mi) depth: 1,637 m (5,371 feet) volume: 23,600 km³ (5,700 cu mi)

Subglacial Lakes of Antarctica

Antarctica is home to 387 subglacial freshwater lakes.



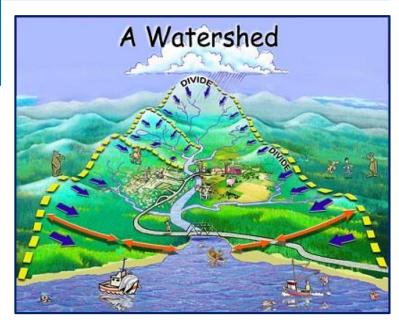
Lake Ellsworth

2012: an attempt to drill into Lake Ellsworth using hot-water drilling technique faced technical difficulties; project called off. <u>1998-current</u>: research drilling into Lake Vostok by Russian team; in 2012 the longest ever ice core of 3,768 m was obtained and lake surface reached; samples of lake water were taken in 2013 (found contaminated) and 2015.

Surface Freshwater: <u>Rivers and Streams</u>

- <u>**River</u>** is a large channel along which water is continually flowing down a slope; it is made of many *streams* that come together.</u>
- <u>Stream</u> is a small channel along which water is continually flowing down a slope; it is made of small gullies.

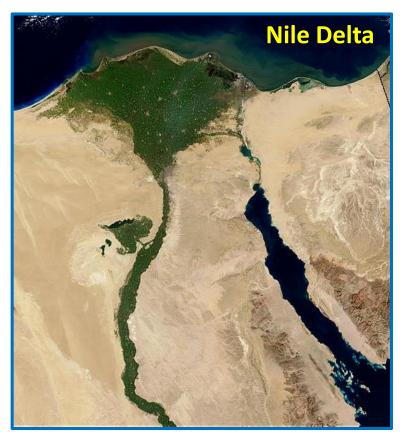




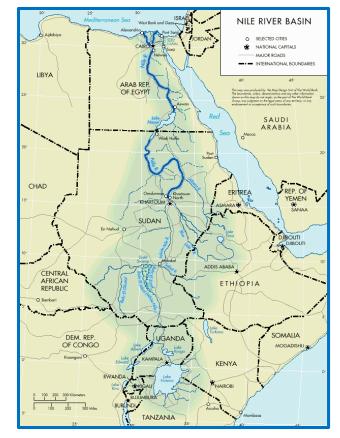
- <u>Watershed</u> is an area that drains into a smaller river or stream.
- <u>River Basin</u> is an area that drains into a *large river*; larger river basins consist of many interconnected watersheds.

Longest River: Nile, Africa

The Nile River is ~6,650 km (~4,130 miles) long, generally considered the **longest in the world**; it is located in northeastern Africa, and flows into the Mediterranean Sea. The drainage basin of the Nile covers about 10% of the area of Africa.







The Nile Delta, where the river spreads out and drains into the Mediterranean Sea, is one of the world's largest river deltas covering 240 km (150 mi) of the coastline - and is a rich agricultural region. The Nile has been the <u>lifeline of</u> civilization in Egypt since the Stone Age.