Math 5b: Homework 15
Homework \#15 is due February 4

## Square-roots

The square-root of $2(\sqrt{2})$ is not a rational number, i.e. it cannot be written as a fraction. Let us assume that $\sqrt{2}=\frac{p}{q}$ where $p$ and $q$ are some whole numbers and the fraction $\frac{p}{q}$ cannot be simplified further. We can write:

$$
\begin{gathered}
(\sqrt{2})^{2}=\left(\frac{p}{q}\right)^{2} \\
2=\frac{p^{2}}{q^{2}} \\
2 q^{2}=p^{2}
\end{gathered}
$$

So that:
Thus, $p$ must be an even number and could be rewritten as: $p=2 m$. Substituting:

So that:

$$
2 q^{2}=p^{2}=4 m^{2}
$$

Thus, $q$ must be an even number. This contradicts our initial assertion that $\frac{p}{q}$ could not be simplified further (at least each $p, q$ could be reduced by one factor of 2 each). Therefore, we have proven by contradiction that $\sqrt{2}$ cannot be written as a rational number.

## Homework

1. Simplify:
(a) $(\sqrt{17})^{2}$
(b) $(\sqrt{13})^{4}$
(c) $(\sqrt{11})^{3}$
(d) $\left(\sqrt{3^{4} 3^{6}}\right)$
(e) $\left(\sqrt{2^{4} 3^{5}}\right)$
2. Can one cut a square with the side of 1 m from the circle of diameter 1.4 m ?
3. The side of an equilateral triangle is 1 m . Find its height and area. Reminder: an equilateral triangle has all sides the same length.
4. Take a positive number $x<100$ and using a calculator (or computer) calculate the number $\frac{x}{2}+\frac{1}{x}$. Call the result $x$ and repeat the same calculation with the new $x$. Do it 10 times. Then take the result and square it. What did you get? Try to do the same thing starting with a different number. Is it surprising?
5. How many behemoths can one truck carry with a maximum load of 5 tonnes ( 5000 kg ) if the weight of each behemoth is 1500 kg ? How many crocodiles can the same truck carry if the weight of each crocodile is 175 kg ?
6. Calculate:
(a) $\left(2^{-1}\right)^{2}$
$\left(3^{-2}\right)^{-2}$
$\left((-2)^{-1}\right)^{2}$
$\left(\left(3 \frac{1}{7}\right)^{0}\right)^{-6}$
(b) $\left(\frac{2(a+1)^{3}(a+1)^{4}}{3(a+1)^{3}}\right)^{-1}$
(c) $2 a^{-1}+8(2 a)^{-1}-4\left(\frac{a^{5}}{a^{4}}\right)^{-1}$
7. 

## Simplify the following expressions:

(a)

$$
\frac{1}{x+1}-\frac{1}{x-1}
$$

(b)

$$
\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right) \div(x+1)
$$

(c)

$$
\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right) \div\left(1-\frac{1}{x}\right)
$$

8. Base 16 numbers:
a) add two base 16 numbers together:

$$
\begin{array}{rr}
A B C D & 3 F B C \\
+F 23 E & +\quad A 9 F 8 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

b) subtract two base 16 numbers :

| $F D C B$ | $F 35 D$ |
| ---: | ---: |
| $-9 A B C$ | $-9 C 8 A$ |

